The Columbian.

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The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.
Two Dollars a Year, payable in Advance.
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JOB PRINTING
Subscriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

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Bloomsburg Directory.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

RUPPERT, dealer in stoves & tinware, Rupert's block, Main st. west of Market. v1-n43

J. METZ, dealer in stoves and tinware Main street, above court house. v1-n43

CLOTHING, &c.

D. LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 3 door above American House. v1-n43

MORRIS, Merchant Tailor and Agent for the New Perfann Sewing Machine, corner of Main and Main st., over Miller's store. v3-n35

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

KUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st., below the Post Office. v1-n43

R. BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Exchange's block Main st. v1-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House. v1-43

BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker, Southeast corner Main and Iron sts. v1-43

ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & &c., Main Street near West st. v3 n15

RICHART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main. v1-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

KELDER, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Main street, opposite Episcopal church. v1-n43

BROWN, Boot and Shoemaker, Centre st., rear of Robbins & Eyer's Store. v1-n43

BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st., Hartman's store, west of Market. v1-43

KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, Bloomsburg. v1-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., in the Court House. v1-n43

H. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Grange Block over Webb's bookstore v3-n25

F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth inserted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church, v1-n46

IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange" v3-n1

BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange" v4-n3

MCKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Market side Main st., below Market. v1n43

EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Main side Main street, below Market, v1-n43

BUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main. v1-n43

ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street. v2-n20

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

BERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st. v1-n43

LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street, v1-n43

A. D. WEBB, Fancy Goods, Notions, Hosiery, and Stationery, Exchange Block, Main st. v1-n43

E. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market. v1-n44

KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street below Market. v1-n49

JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Hats and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main & West sts. v1-n43

MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods Main st., below American House, v1n44

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

AMERICAN HOUSE, by John Leacock, Main st., west of Iron street. v1-n43

COLUMBIA HOTEL, by B. Stohner, Main st opposite Court House. v1n

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end Main street. v1-43

OYSTER COCK, Oyster and Eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Lencock superintendent. v1-n45

CONFECTIONER & JACOBY, Confectionery, Bakery and Oyster Saloon, Wholesale and retail, Exchange Block, Main street. v1-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

BARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southeast corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

BEESHOLTZ, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, &c., corner Main and Market sts. v3-n30

BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books and Stationery, Main st., below Market. v1-n43

BOBB, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron v1-46

BODENHALL, General Stock of Merchandise and Lumber, corner of Main street and Railroad. v1-n43

WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block. v1-n43

BOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House. v1-n43

BOWER, Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., corner Main st. and Court House alley. v1-n43

BOYER & EYER, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., cor. Main and Centre sts. v1-n43

BRITTON, Groceries & Provisions, Main st., below Market. v1-n44

BUTLER, Groceries and General Merchandise Main st., above West. v1-43

CALVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc. cor. Main and Market sts. v1-n43

CAMPBELL & SON, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, etc., Exchange Block, Main st. v1-n43

CREVER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Main st., south side, Main st. v2-n18

WILLIAM ERASMUS, Confectioneries, Main street near the railroad. v1-n43

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHAMAN, Marble Works, one door below Post Office, Main Street. v1-n43

CHERRY LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber of all kinds; Planting near the railroad. v1n46

CHER, Gine Maker, and White and Fancy Cooper, Scottown. v1n47

CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness Maker, Shive's Block Main Street. v3n16

CLEMENS, Liquor dealer second door from the west corner Main and Iron sts. v1-n43

COLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Polar Lightning Rod. n2v19

COLHORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and Fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. v1-43

CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st. v1n43

CRONENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st. v1-43

CUTHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemical's alley, rear of American House. v1n43

D. FUNSTON & CO., mutual and cash Fire Insurance companies, Brower's Building, Main Street. v1-n43

DAN CADMAN, Cabinetmaker and Chairmaker; rooms Main street bel. Iron. v3-n24

DAMPLE & Co., Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near Lark. R. R. Castings made at short notice. Machinery made and repaired. v2-n22

DINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms v1-n43

DR. JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Yard, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. v1-n4c

DYCOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. v1-n43

Orangeville Directory.

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant Tailors and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the Brick Hotel. v1-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine. v1-n47

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber and general Merchandise, Main st. v1-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st., v1-n47

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel v1-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street. v1n47

H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. v1-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. v1-n47

J. M. HARMAN, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., opposite Frame Church. v2n11

JOHN FRYMIRE, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. v1-n47

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufactuier of plows, Mill St. v1-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS &Co, Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. v1-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle. Main St. v2n5.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of Pine v1n49

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St., Robbins' Building. v2-n18

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main. v2-n18

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street v2-n12

J. B. KISTLER, "Cattawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets. v2n13

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St. v2n12

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in Stoves and Tin-ware, Main Street. v2n12

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St. v2n12

Light Street.

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main Street and Briarcreek Road. v3n19

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House. v1n46

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, v1n46

J. J. LEISER, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office at Keller's Hotel. v2n27

PETER ENT, dealer in Dry Goods Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., Main Street. v1n45

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches. v1n46

Espy.

B. F. REIGHARD & BRO. dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and general Merchandise. v2n11

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C.S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2n46

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill. v2n1

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v2n11

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise, First store in south end of town. v2-n18

Business Cards.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.20'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan1,'67.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &C.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the county. Examine for yourselves.
Shop third door below the Court House, Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
nov. 15,'67.

SENT FREE!
M. O'KEEFE, SON & CO.'S
SEED CATALOGUE
And GUIDE to the
FLOWER and VEGETABLE
Garden, For 1870.
Published in January. Every lover of flowers wishing this new and valuable work, free of charge, should address immediately M. O'Keefe Son & Co., Ellwanger & Barry's Block Rochester, N. Y. Dec. 3,'69.-6m

PIMPLES.
The undersigned will cheerfully mail (FREE) to all who wish it the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and Beautiful Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and all eruptions and impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.
He will also send (FREE) instructions for producing, by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of hair on a baldhead or smooth face in less than thirty days from first application.
The above can be obtained by return mail by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, P. O. Box 5128, 195 Broadway, New York. Aug. 6,'69-1y.

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER.
W. M. MONROE & CO.,
Rupert, Pa.,
Manufacturers of
POWDER KEGS,
and dealers in all kinds of
LUMBER,
give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

Philadelphia Directory.

MAJOR E. R. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. M. MORY
ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 104 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA,
Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTONS, YARNS, BATTING, OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE, OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN, WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS, feb. 5,'69.

EAGLE HOTEL.
227 NORTH THIRD STREET,
R. D. CUMMINGS, PROPRIETOR.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE
No 240 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine
Philadelphia.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 421 Market Street
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest prices.
January 3, 1868.

H. W. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
Between Cherry and Race, west side.
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 234 N. Third Street,
Philadelphia.

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 503 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH,
No. 24 North Wharves and 25 North Third St
Philadelphia.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET.
PHILADELPHIA.
oct. 22,'69-1y

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street.
Philadelphia.

WILLIAM FISHER
WITH
THOMAS CARSON & SON,
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LINENS & NOTIONS,
No. 18 NORTH FOURTH STREET
Philadelphia.
june 4,'69-6m

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR MANUFACTORY,
No. 315 NORTH THIRD STREET
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN. P. ENGELMAN.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOTEL.
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
Having lately purchased and fitted up the well known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg; and having obtained a license for the same as a
HOTEL AND RESTARANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. (my17'67-tf

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT.
Apr.23,'69-tf Espy, Pa.

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
ROHR M'HENRY, Proprietor.
This well known House, having been put in thorough repair, is now open to the travelling public. The bar is stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table will be, at all times, supplied with the delicacies of the season. No pains will be spared to insure the comfort of guests.
Orangeville, dec. 10,'69-tf.

FORKS HOTEL,
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned has taken this well known House, lately occupied by George W. Manger, and has put it in thorough repair with entirely new furniture, &c. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of guests. The bar always supplied with the best of liquors and cigars. T. BENT. TAYLOR.
march 19-3m.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Choice Poetry.

The Old Canoe.

The following beautiful poem appeared some years ago in an obscure Arkansas paper:

Where the rocks are gray and the shore is steep,
And the waters below look dark and deep,
Where the rugged pine, in its lonely pride
Leans gloomily over the murky tide;
Where the reeds and rushes are long and rank,
And the weeds grow thick on the winding bank;
Where the shadow is heavy the whole day through,
Lies at its moorings the old canoe.

The useless paddles are idly dropped,
Like a sea-bird's wings that the storm has lopped,
And crossed on the railing, one o'er one,
Like the folded hands when the work is done;
While busily back and forth between,
The spider stretches his silvery screen,
And the solemn owl, with his dull "too-whoo,"
Settles down on the side of the old canoe.

The stern half sunk in the slimy wave,
Rots slowly away in its living grave,
And the green moss creeps o'er its dull decay,
Hiding its mouldering dust away,
Like the hand that plants o'er the tomb a flower,
Or the ivy that mantles the falling tower;
While many a blossom of loveliest hue
Springs up o'er the stern of the old canoe.

The currentless waters are dead and still—
And the light wind plays with the boat at will,
And lazily in and out again
It floats the length of the rusty chain,
Like the weary march of the hands of time,
That meet and part at the noontide chime,
And the shore is kissed at each turning anew,
By the dripping bow of the old canoe.

O, many a time, with a careless hand,
I have pushed it away from the pebbly strand;
And paddled it down where the stream runs quick,
Where the whirls are wild and the eddies are thick,
And laughed as I leaned o'er the rocking side,
And looked below in the broken tide
To see that the faces and boats were two,
That were mirrored back from the old canoe.

But now as I lean o'er the crumbling side,
And look below in the sluggish tide,
The face that I see there is graver grown,
And the laugh that I hear has a soberer tone,
And the hands that lent to the light skiff wings
Have grown familiar with sterner things,
But I love to think of the hours that flew
As I rocked where the whirls their white spray threw,
Ere the blossom waved, or the green grass grew,
O'er the mouldering stem of the old canoe.

Sheridan's Last Ride.

Hurrah for valiant Sheridan,
The mighty man of war! (hearth),
He smote the Indian (while he slept), (by his
He smote pappoose and squaw.
Nor old nor young, nor weak nor strong
Escape his anger may,
When, John-like, as people tell,
He rideth to the fray.
Where'er he lifts his daring arm
He "strikes to hurt" be sure!
And dauntlessly he does to death
The "helpless" and the poor.
Spur swift along the track of blood!
Alone thou shalt not ride;
Red-handed murder, swift as thou
Doth gallop by thy side,
And close behind a troop of ghosts
Follow with whoop and yell,
Ride on, ride on, bold Sheridan;
They'll follow thee to hell!

Miscellaneous.

THE BABY.

MR. ELLERY CORBAN was an exceedingly nervous man. He came honestly by it, for his mother was nervous before him. Mr. Corban was a bachelor of forty-five, remarkably well preserved, and rather fine looking. He had a portly figure, a florid complexion, and a head of dark brown hair, which any man might have been excused for feeling proud of. Mr. Corban was very well off. He had never kept house, perhaps because he knew that elderly bachelors and widowers were generally fated to marry their house-keepers; and Mr. Corban regarded marriage and the gallows as about on a par. Women and babies he considered as a very unnecessary part of creation. The mystery of their having been allowed an existence he could never solve. He could not help regarding their creation as a grave mistake somewhere. He boarded at Mrs. Gregg's and had made his home there for fifteen years. Mrs. Gregg was as much like a man as she could be, and still be a woman.

One day last summer it became evident to Mr. Corban that he must take a journey west. The interest of his business demanded it; so he put a few things into a valise, said good morning to Mrs. Gregg, and set out for the depot.

He was five minutes late, for his necktie had given him a great deal of trouble, and he had been unable to find a pair of stockings which were not destitute of toes. But he had comforted himself with the reflection that, as he had boots on, nobody would be wiser in regard to the unclad condition of his toes, and at last he got off. He heard the whistle and started upon the run. If there is anything especially calculated to put one out of temper, is it having to run to catch the cars: and our hero may be excused if, when dripping with perspiration and completely out of breath, he rushed into the first car which offered, he was irritated with the world, himself included.

The car was well filled. In fact, there was only one vacant seat, and that was beside a woman. Corban turned to seek the next car, but was met by the conductor at the door. "No room in there, sir! All full. Anniversary meeting at Parkersburg. There's a seat sir!" indicating the one beside the woman. Corban was troubled with a touch of the rheumatism in the left knee, and could not stand comfortably—nothing else could have forced him to get so near one of the sex. He stepped up to her and made the stereotyped inquiry:

"Is this seat engaged?"

"No, sir," replied a very sweet voice; and Corban saw that the speaker had blue eyes and golden hair.

He took a seat and the lady drew the bundle she had been resting on the cushion into her lap.

"Better let me put your bundle upon the rack?" suggested Mr. Corban.

The lady opened her eyes in indignant amazement, whipped off a layer of flannel from the package, and displayed to the horrified gaze of our bachelor friend, the red, puffy face of a moon-eyed baby.

"Muzzar's ittle, 'tweety sugar darling!" she exclaimed in the dialect which is perfectly intelligible to all babydom.

"Muzzar won't let the naughty man put the 'ittle lammie, lumpy baby up on the rack!"

The baby struck out menacingly with his fat fists in the direction of Mr. Corban, and give utterance to a yell of triumph. Mr. Corban broke into a cold perspiration. He had never been so near a baby before in his life. It was almost too much for him. He had a strong mind to stand the remainder of the way, or until somebody vacated a seat, but his knee gave an extra twinge and decided him to try and endure the terrible state of things. He took a paper from his pocket and essayed to read but the baby had launched out in one of those baby refrains, which is like music in the ears of all mothers, and the cooing so confused our bachelor hero that he could make no sense of his paper, so he pocketed it with the savage determination to petition the next Congress for women with babies to be kept in a car by themselves.

At the first stopping place he was on the lookout for a seat, and to his joy discovered the gentleman in the next seat making preparations to leave; but before he was fairly out of his seat, an old lady in a green shawl and a poke bonnet had edged into it, and cut off Mr. Corban's hopes. Of course, she turned around and began at once to talk to the baby.

"Dear little chicken! How old is it, marm?"

"Almost eight months," said the proud mother.

"Well I declare! what a large child of his age! Why, there was my Enoch, when he was a year he warn't a mite nor a grain bigger than that 'ere child! But then Enoch; he had the whooping cough, and the measles, and the nettle-rash, and the collaretta infanticide before he was eleven months! And I expect the disease had some effect upon his constitution!"

"I should think so," replied the baby's mother.

"You look tired, dear," went on the old lady; "the baby must be dreadful heavy. Why don't you let its pa take him?" with a reproachful glance at the savage countenance of Mr. Corban.

"I'm not his pa," grumbled Mr. Corban, pulling his hat a little farther down over his eyes.

"Oh! You ain't. Wal, now, that's curis!" said the old lady. "I should have thought you war for sartin. The baby is the image of you—jest the same kind of nose; and its eyes has got the same expression."

Expression, indeed! Mr. Corban was boiling over! He always peculiarly prided himself on his expression; and here was this old ogre comparing him to that dumpling-faced, huckleberry-eyed baby!

"Wal," said the old lady, slowly, a though she had reached the conclusions after some thought, "I spose as its likely this is a post mortem child, which means one as is born after the death of its father and you married its mother rather soon after her husband departed this vale of tears. Wal, that's got to be dreadful common. But my Elijah has been dead nigh onto nineteen months, and I ain't begun to think of a second partner; though Squire Hudson, has been left so helpless and unfortunit with them six children of his, that I don't know. I hope the Lord will show me my duty, and give me strength to take the Squire for better or for worse, if it's right and best! I don't never want to shrink no duty, marm When did your first husband die marm?"

"Parkersburg!" screamed the conductor. "Stop five minutes for refreshments! Change cars for Wallingford-Amsterdam and Myrtle Ridge."

The woman with the baby rose quickly. A thrill of joy went through Mr. Corban. He thought she was at her journey's end. He too, rose with alacrity.

"Can I assist you in any way, madam?" he asked.

"Thank you. I will just trouble you to hold baby while I go and get a cup of coffee. I breakfasted early and I need something warm. Be careful and hold his head high, he is subject to the croup."

And, before Corben could utter one word of refusal, she had put the baby in his arms, and was running off with the crowd.

Our hero felt himself growing hot and cold alternately. He had served two years with credit in the war, and been in a score of battles, but through it all, he had never experienced such a sinking at the stomach as came over him now. Most of the passengers left the cars; and Corbon would have done likewise, but he feared that he might lose sight of the baby's mother, and the train would start without him. So in an agony of terror, lest something dreadful should happen, he stood there in the aisle, holding the baby at arm's length, and fixing his frantic gaze on the door through which his deliverer would come.

"All aboard," cried the stentorian voice of a new conductor—and the people rushed in. But the passengers were, most of them, new ones, for there was a junction at Parkersburg; and worst of all the baby's mother was not among them.

The bell rang: the cars were moving; the door was shut with a bang, and the train went off. Corbon waxed desperate.

"Hallos, there!" he shouted to the conductor. "Stop! this train cannot go on; there's a woman left behind; she went to get a cup of coffee. Stop! I tell you this instant, sir."

"What's up?" asked the conductor. "She's left the baby!"

"Your wife? Oh! never mind. Such things occur frequently. She'll come next train"

"I tell you to stop! I shall go crazy! And——. Oh, Lord, what shall I do with the baby? Say, I'll give you five dollars—ten dollars—twenty—yes, fifty dollars, if you'll put back and let me off at Parkersburg!"

"I should have no objection to the money, but I couldn't oblige you if you were one of the Rothschilds!"

And the conductor passed on his way.

"Bless your soul, sir!" said the old lady in the next seat, giving Corban a nudge with her parasol, "you'll suffocate that baby! Don't you see you're holding its feet where its head should be? He's wrong side up!"

Corban hastily rescued the youngster, which uttered a shrill yell at his treatment.

"You'd orter be ashamed of yourself!" went on the old lady indignantly, "to toss that blessed child around in such an on-human way. A man never orter have no children that don't have no nateral feelings towards 'em. Sir, you was a baby once yourself!"

Just then, a yellow faced woman slipped in the seat in front of Corban. She was middle aged, but her dress had the gushingness of sixteen. "Lovely child," she exclaimed insinuatingly.

The baby began to squizzle up its face and flourish its fists.

"Dear me, how forward it is! How old is it, sir?" inquired the spinster for such she was.

"I don't know," growled Corban.

"Been a widower long, sir?" inquired the lady.

"No. I never had a wife."

"Bless me! Then she's run away and left you! Dear, dear! how could she leave such a nice man, and such a dear, darling little baby?"

"What's that?" inquired a middle aged gentleman near by, who was evidently a little deaf. "Your wife gone and left you, sir? Just my case exactly. My poor Jane departed this life last May. I got her the handsomest gravestone money could buy. There's an angel on it with all her wings spread and this Latin description—*Requires her eat in Peace.* The gravestone maker said it was a good epigram, and I consented as she was fond of cats.

By this time the baby began crying lustily, and the whole car sympathized, especially the females.

"It's got the cholera morbus!" said the old lady. "It'll die for sartin if something hain't done!"

"Die? You don't think so?" cried Mr. Corban.

"Dear me!" said the little thin-faced woman, "what an inhuman creature its mother must be."

"Take it, my good lady, do!" cried Corban, imploringly. "I'll give you a hundred dollars to take it."

"What is all this row about?" said a sharpnosed man, with a newspaper in his hand. "A child is it? Fall back, gentleman; and let me look at it. If it should prove to be the one."

"How? what do you mean?" queried a dozen voices at once.

"It is, it is! It can be no other!" exclaimed the sharp nosed man. "How strange that I should chance upon it! Listen to this, and he read from a paper in his hand the notice:

"STOLEN.—Supposed to have been stolen from its carriage in Central Park, on the morning of the 8th inst., a male child about nine months old. Said child had blue eyes and rather dark hair; and is a remarkably forward child. Any person who will return him to his afflicted parents, at No.—— Forty-ninth street, or give information that will lead to his recovery, shall receive a reward of $300.

LOUIS ROSCOE."

"Wal, I never?" exclaimed the old lady. "It must be the very same baby! This child has blue eyes and dark hair, and 'pears remarkable forw'd!"

"Yes, ma'am, unquestionably the very same," remarked the sharp nosed man, confidingly; "I consider it my duty to take possession."

"Oh, take it, do?" cried Corban, imploringly; "I'll give a hundred dollars to get it off my hands."

"No doubt you would, my man; but I ain't took in in that way. My name is Smithers—Peter Smithers, Sir; and I live in Albany. I'm a magistrate, Sir; and arrest you for chil l stealing."

"I tell you I didn't steal it. She went off after a cup of coffee."

"Don't trouble yourself to repeat that story again. I understand the case fully," said Mr. Smithers, promptly.

"Conductor, is there a place on the train where this rascal would be any safer than here?"

"We don't run prison vans," responded that worthy, sulkily.

"Well, gentlemen," said Mr. Smithers, blandly, "you are all men of honor, and have wives and children, or ought to have, and you all have feelings of sympathy, doubtless, for the parents of this unlucky babe; and I depend upon you, gentlemen, to assist me in guarding him until we reach a station where I can place him in charge of the proper officials. At the next stopping place I will telegraph to Brideswell, and have constables ready to take possession of him the moment we arrive."

"You shall pay dearly for this!" roared Corban, now fairly infuriated. "Yes, sir, I'll take the law on you the moment we get anywhere where there is any law. Call me a rascal indeed!"

Just at that moment the sharp signal of "down brakes" sounded, and in a few moments there was a shock, and the train came to a sudden stop.

Everybody rushed out to ascertain the difficulty; and it was found that a wheel of the engine had broken, and the locomotive was off the track,

No one was injured; but it would occupy some time to get things so that the next train could run; and in the meantime Mr. Corban thought, with rapture, he could make his escape. He formed the plan of dropping the unfortunate baby and fleeing to the woods. In the bustle and confusion it could only be accomplished. But he had reckoned without his host. Mr. Smithers was right at his elbow. He had no notion to allow that tempting reward to slip through his fingers; and a couple of other gentlemen kept guard with him. And there stood poor Corban, holding the whimpering baby, and expostulating, swearing, and blustering in a way that made all the ladies declare that he was a monster, and they gave him a very wide berth.

Suddenly the whistle of the next train from Parkersburg was heard. A bright hope sprung up in Corban's breast. It was possible the baby's mother might be on board.

He rushed forward, but Smithers seized his arm and held him back.

"Be quiet, sir!" said he. "Remember you are under arrest."

The train had been warned of the detention of the first express, and came to a halt at a little distance behind, and the moment it did so, the door of one of the carriages was burst open, and out leaped the mother.

A cry of joy came from Corban; and with one bound he broke the grasp of Mr. Smithers upon his arm, and rushed toward her.

"Oh, my baby! my precious baby!" she screamed, snatching the baby from Corban's arms. "My darling! My little angel darling!" And she fell kissing it in a way that set all the ladies round about to pulling out their handkerchiefs and exclaiming, "Did you ever!" "Nay I never!"

"God bless you!" cried Corban enthusiastically, "I never was so glad to see a mortal being before."

"Oh, you dear, delightful man!" she said, shaking hands with him. "I am so much obliged to you for taking care of my little lamb. You see I got belated a moment, the coffee was so dreadfully hot."

Mr. Smithers' face had grown very long. "Then it is not Louis Roscoe's child? And it has not been stolen?" he asked, dubiously.

"I should rather think not," replied the mother, indignantly. "It is my child, sir! All I have left of the dear husband who gave up his life at Cold Harbor, two months after baby's birth."

"I most heartily beg your pardon, sir," said Mr. Smithers, addressing Mr. Corban. "I—I—that is, I didn't think. You see——"

"Mind your own business, sir!" said Mr. Corban, shortly; "and continue minding it for the rest of your life—that is my advice, sir."

Mr. Corban and Mrs. Bent, for that was the young widow's name, got very friendly and familiar while the train was getting ready, and Mr. Corban took the next seat by her side with a real feeling of delight, now. She was going on a visit to some friends in the very city where his business called him; and he obtained permission to call on her and inquire about the baby.

And in due time—I cannot tell how it came about, for there is no accounting for things of this kind—Mr. Corban concluded that he was tired of boarding—Mrs. Gregg had become so neglectful of her boarders' comfort; so he led Mrs. Bent to the altar, and set up a home of his own with a wife and a baby.

Go to him now and utter one word against women and babies, and you would get shown to the door without ceremony.

The Common Crimes of Conversation.

There are the careless people, those "who know the right, and yet the wrong pursue." They plunge recklessly on, without a thought for the words they use; their sentences abound with exclamations and expletives more expressive that choice. Their slang phrases are an offense to cultivated ears and they exhaust the superlatives of the language on the most ordinary occasions. It is they who preface every sentence, even on trivial topics, with 'My stars?' 'By George!' 'By Jupiter!' 'Gracious!' Good Lord!' 'Thunder!' 'You bet!' 'No you don't!" In their vocabulary, 'Oh!' 'Indeed, yes!' 'Well!' and 'ah!' are as thickly strewn as Autumnal leaves in Vallombrosa. With them a funeral is 'jolly,' a prayer meeting 'funny,' an ordinary performance is 'first rate,' the lowest round on the ladder of beauty is 'real pretty;' and their indiscriminate admiration is expressed by the much-abused epithets, 'splendid, beautiful, magnificent, superb, exquisite,' etc. Any violation of law belonging to their code is 'shameful;' a refusal to conform to their wishes is 'horrid mean;' a common cold is 'terrible,' and a headache is 'beyond endurance.' They are always 'roasted' or 'frozen,' or 'melted;' their friends are beautified with every virtue and their enemies are the offscourings of the race. They so completely exhaust the language on common occasions that no words are left to give expressions to their deeper feelings.

A second class includes those who violate the laws of etymology. They have been thoroughly trained in the grammar of language

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday Morning, April 1, 1870.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

The Crowning Iniquity.

THAT our present Legislature deserves the reputation of being the most corrupt legislative body ever assembled in the United States, is proved by their passage of "An act to facilitate and secure the construction of an additional railway connection between the waters of the Susquehanna and the Great Lakes, Canada, and the North-Western States, by extending the credit of certain corporations to the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Company." The substance of this bill is that it proposes to take from the Sinking Fund, nine and a half millions of dollars in the shape of Penna. R. R.Co., and Allegheny R. R. bonds, (which are perfectly good,) and to put in their place the worthless bonds of the above named "Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Co." which proposes to construct a road through what is now, and always will be, a wilderness. If their bonds are good why make this transfer? If they are not, legislators have no business to rob the Sinking Fund, for the benefit of this or any other corporation. The present Administration have already bankrupted the Treasury, and taken *illegally* one and a half million dollars from the Sinking Fund, and now the cormorants would rob the people of a much larger amount.

To many it is a matter of wonder that more public indignation is not excited at such a flagrant outrage. *The difficulty is in the Press.* The Morning *Patriot* located at our political and legislative centre first sounded the tocsin of alarm, but ever since has been strangely silent. Considering the war it threatened to wage on rings and monopolies its silence during the present crisis shows that potent arguments have been used in that quarter. So with the *Age*. It has given in its adhesion to the ring, and henceforth has no claim to be considered an organ of the pure Democracy.

Many Democratic members will attempt to justify their votes on this swindle on the ground that their localities will be benefited by it. To this we answer that no local advantage will compensate for endorsing a swindle of this nature, and any Democrat who does it is untrue to his party, and lays himself open to the charge of having been bought.

It is with pleasure we record the fact that our Senator, Hon. C. R. Buckalew, and our member, Hon. George Scott, voted against this measure, thus justifying the confidence our people have placed in them. *They do not wear the collar of the ring.* However much other counties may have been disgraced, Columbia has the satisfaction of knowing that her representatives can neither be bought nor coaxed into the support of these Treasury thieves.

Old Times.

We have before us the first volume complete, of *The Columbia Democrat*; the first number of which was issued at Bloomsburg, on Saturday, April 29, 1837, by John S. Ingram. The paper is exactly half the size of THE COLUMBIAN, and is published at two dollars a year. It is well printed for the time, and the advertisements are illustrated with cuts of houses, barns, mills, horses, canal boats, and stage coaches. Among the Editorial announcements in the first number is the following.

'On Sunday last we had a severe snow storm, which continued from early in the morning until night. Some of our folks are almost despairing for warm weather."

In the number for July 22, 1837 we find the subjoined notice.

"☞ We neglected last week to notice the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner stone of Saint Paul's Church in this village. The spectators were numerous, and the resident pastor of the Congregation, (Rev. Mr. Drake,) was assisted in the services by the Rev. May, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Mr. Smith of Muncy. It will be a splendid edifice; and our enterprising townsman, Mr. E. H. Biggs, who has undertaken its construction, is hastening its completion, which will probably be accomplished this fall." The corner stone was laid, Thursday, July 13th 1837.

The Banks and paper currency are the great burthens of Mr. Ingram's editorials, with now and then, *removal matters*. As we go along, we find the Rev. Jeremiah Shindle giving notice that his subscription lists are in the hands of Charles Kahler for settlement. We find Wm. Kitchen, John Fruit, Elias M'Henry and Peter Kline, announced as candidates for Sheriff. Wm. Robison advertises his line of mail stages, from Northumberland to Wilkesbarre; and insists that he can deliver passengers twelve hours earlier than the boat line, which is run by P. Mc C. Gilchrist.

Going on through, we find that Daniel Snyder, January 6, 1838, respectfully informed the public that he had "taken his son William Snyder into Copartnership, in his tannery;" Noah S. Prentiss advertises his livery stable; D. S. Tobias his drugs and medicines; George Weaver his dry goods store; Rupert & Barton their succession to E. H. Biggs; and C. B. Fisher a new assortment of store goods; while John R. Moyer proposes to tickle the palates of the public by serving up to them at his Refectory, fresh oysters.

In the number for January 27, 1838, we find the trial of Thomas P. Poke for the murder of John Dornell. Joshua W. Comly, George A. Frick and H. W. Thornton, Esquires, appeared for the Commonwealth, and John Cooper and John G. Montgomery for the prisoner. Judge Ellis Lewis presided. The jurors sworn in the cause were, Jonathan Pursel, Peter Appleman, Aid Holden, Wm. Girton, John Shearer, John McWilliams, John M'Mahan, John Ohl, John Remley, Alexander Colley, John Herring and John Wertman. Constables appointed to wait upon the jury, Iram Derr and James Edgar. Associate Judges, Wm. Montgomery, Leonard Rupert. The trial commenced on Monday, January 15, 1838; and the court charged the jury Thursday evening. After an hour's deliberation, they returned a verdict of "voluntary manslaughter." The sentence was, four years to the penitentiary.

The county expenditures for 1837 were $6822 87.

In number 52 Ingram and Mills retire, and Henry Webb Esq., assumes the control of the paper; Ingram issuing proposals for publishing "The Pottsville Emporuim."

We are indebted to Miss A. D. Webb for a look at these relics of the past; and would gladly give more, but lack of space prevents.

Protection for Miners.

The following is a synopsis of the bill passed by the Legislature providing for the health and safety of persons in coal mines. The bill is a lengthy document, covering some seventeen pages of printed matter, and very carefully prepared. Sections one and two provide that the owners of coal mines shall make a full and accurate map of the workings of the same, on a scale of one hundred feet to the inch, and shall deposit said map with the inspectors of collieries for the districts within four months from the passage of this act.

Section three provides that four months after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for the owner or agent of any anthracite coal mine or colliery worked by or through a shaft or slope, to employ any person in working within it, unless there are in communication with every seam or stratum of coal worked in such coal mine or colliery, for the time being at work, at least two shafts or slopes, or outlets, separated by natural strata of not less than one hundred and fifty feet in breadth, by which distinct means of ingress and egress are always available to the persons employed in the coal mine or colliery; but it shall not be necessary for the two shafts, slopes or outlets to belong to the same mine or colliery, if the persons therein employed have available means of ingress by not less than two shafts, slopes or outlets, one or more of which may belong to another coal mine or colliery.

Section five enacts that in case where the provisions of the act are neglected, the Courts can issue an injunction prohibiting the workings of the mines where such violations occur.

Section 6. The owner, lessee, operation or agent of every coal mine or colliery shall erect or provide at or near the mouth or entrance to such mine, and maintain the same at all times when men are employed in such mine, a suitable building or buildings supplied with soft water, and properly lighted and warmed for the use of the men employed in such mine, to wash and change their clothes when entering the mine and returning therefrom.

Section 7. The owners or agents of every coal mine or colliery shall provide an adequate amount of ventilation, not less than fifty-five cubic feet per second of pure air, or thirty three hundred feet per minute for every fifty men, and as much more as circumstances may require, which shall be circulated through the face of each and every working place throughout the entire mine, to dilute and render harmless, and expel therefrom the noxious poisonous gases to such an extent that the entire mine shall be in a fit state for men to work in, and a mining boss shall be appointed to oversee the arrangements for ventilating, to see that loose rock is carefully secured against falling, that the arrangements for signalling from the bottom to the top and vice versa are good. He and his assistants shall carefully examine the mines every morning, and watch to prevent explosion or evil effects of foul air.

Section eleventh provides that none but competent, sober engineers shall be employed.

These are the main features of the act. In addition to them it provides that the Governor shall appoint three persons as mine inspectors for Luzerne and Carbon counties. The remaining sections of the bill simply define their duties.

The following amendments were added:

An amendment requiring the driving of shafts (or second opening to each mine) at once, with three sets of hands, working twenty-four hours.

An amendment fining operators $5000 for employing boys under 12 years of age.

An amendment fining $500 and imprisoning not more than six months an engineer who leaves or refuses to operate his engine when men or animals are in the mine.

An amendment authorizing widows to maintain action for damages.

Good Legislation.

We take the following from an exchange, and do not think that any words of ours are requisite to explain its meaning. We commend it to our readers as evidence of the care and attention bestowed on public business by the wise legislators at Harrisburg.

"The evening session of the House was marked by the most reckless legislation that could be imagined. Bills incorporating railroads and other companies, were passed by simply reading their titles, and it was ascertained, in one instance, that a company had been granted rights which would enable it to construct a six-foot wide track almost through the entire length of the State. This bill was afterwards reconsidered under the system pursued. It was absolutely impossible for the contents of the bill to be known before the passage."

To Hang or Not to Hang.

The bill introduced in the popular branch of the legislature last Monday, leaving it to the discretion of juries sitting on trial of felony punishable with death to render a verdict grading the punishment of the culprit, is understood to be in lieu of the bill abolishing death penalties. The bill now pending provides that juries may return a verdict of guilty, and fix the penalty either as death, imprisonment for life, or for a term not exceeding fifteen years.

NEW YORK, March 28.—A man this afternoon purchased $4,500 five-twenties of Messrs. Henry Clews & Co. In about fifteen minutes later he returned, and requested the numbers of the bonds purchased, showing a cut in the breast pocket of his coat, from which some adroit thief had skillfully removed the bonds. There is no clew to the thief.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 29.—General George H. Thomas died at eight o'clock last evening of apoplexy.

The Columbia County Invasion.

XXXIII

THE CASE OF D. L. CHAPIN. CONTINUED.

IN the following letter received by us from Mr. Chapin, that gentlemen refers to certain papers published by us in our last number and gives some interesting details of his case.

NEW COLUMBUS, March 7th, 1870.

C. B. BROCKWAY, Esq.,—Dear Sir.—Enclosed find a letter to, and from Messrs. Wadsworth and Fitzegerald. I hardly know what more to send you. I will however annex a brief sketch of my career for about 17 years previous to my arrest by the military. I moved to New Columbus, April 1st 1847, and engaged in the mercantile business. In 1858 I was elected a justice of the peace in Huntington township and was re-elected again in 1858 in the same township, which was strongly Republican, without opposition. In 1859 I was elected a member of the Legislature from Luzerne county. In 1864, I was elected a justice of the peace again. Arrested Aug. 31st 1864 by the military and transported with a *rush* to Fort Mifflin where I remained until the 19th of Dec. 1864, during which time I suffered severely with the a gue and rheumatism, which disabled me to such an extent that I was obliged to use crutches for some time. On the 18th of Dec. 1864 an order came to Fort Mifflin for my removal to Harrisburg for trial, where I arrived on the evening of the 19th, and was marched up to Canterbury Guard House near the State Capitol Hotel, where I was kept with Daniel M'Henry and others. Daniel M'Henry's trial closed and mine was to come next. I was called for on Tuesday, Dec. 27th, but the Commission was not ready. Dec. 28th, was called for again; this time the Military Commission was ready, I was arraigned before the Star Chamber and one witness F. M. Ikler examined against me and N. J. Hiss was asked one question and my trial was over. It lasted about one hour. I did not call a witness. On Saturday an order came for my discharge and it appeared strange enough to be permitted to walk the streets of Harrisburg without a guard by my side, or in the rear. I arrived at home on the 2d of January, 1865. About the 12th of December, 1864, Col. Eastman the command of Fort Mifflin, sent for me to come to his quarters where of course I made my appearance, when he inquired if I knew what I was arrested for. I answered that I did not; then I asked him the same question, and received for an answer that I was arrested for resisting the draft in Columbia county. I very pointedly informed him I did not live in Columbia County, which appeared to surprise him very much; he then informed me that he had a letter that my wife had written Gov. Curtin which he handed me to read, Gov. Curtin had forwarded my wife's letter to the War Department and they had sent it to Fort Mifflin, whether to increase the severity of my imprisonment or relax the iron grasp of tyrranical despotism I knew not—she talked plainly to them at any rate. During my interview with Col. Eastman I told him I had nothing to regret, that I had never resisted the draft or advised others to do so and if I had my life to live over again I did not think I would act differently from what I had since the war commenced. I have not got a copy of F. M. Ikler's evidence before the Military Commission. I think it can be had of A. J. Herr, Esq., who was my attorney before the Military Commission. It differed materially from the two affidavits, of his, I gave you taken in Fishingcreek or Benton. Soon after my arrest in 1864, a report was in circulation that some of the intensely loyal in New Columbus were to be arrested, and in great haste they reported to Col. Stewart at Benton who very generously informed them that he would notify them when he wished to see them. * * * *

I think this with the other papers I gave you gives a brief outline of my arrest and imprisonment, and you are at liberty to put it together in such shape as you may think best. Should you require any further information I will carefully give it, if in my power.

Yours very Respectfully,
D. L. CHAPIN.

P. S.—I might remark here that it is not customary for merchants to ask their customers what they intend to do with their purchases. I had sold gun caps and lead for seventeen years, to any one of my customers who called for it and John Ikler's children had been in the habit of coming to the store frequently. D. L. C.

MEMORANDA FROM MR. CHAPIN'S DIARY:—The following extracts from Mr. C's diary will now be given in connection with his statement above:

"HARRISBURG, Dec. 23d, 1864.—This evening George Henry, H. H. Hirleman, Abraham Hartman, Russel McHenry and Valentine Fell, arrived here from Fort Mifflin about 8 P. M; Geo. Henry, Harleman and Abraham Hartman all very feeble and sick.

SATURDAY, Dec. 24th, 1864.—This morning as I awoke and looked out through the window I discovered it was snowing finely.

SUNDAY, Dec. 25th.—This being Christmas it was observed in Canterberry with great solemnity, although the place of my confinement was not decorated with corals and bowers of evergreens, yet it glistened with bright and shining bayonets. The day was clear and cold and those permitted to enjoy their freedom gaily improved the opportunity of spending a Merry Christmas by sleigh-riding with the buxom and gaily dressed ladies of Harrisburg, whose sparkling eye and lively conversation kept time with the ringing of the bells until the close of the eventful day. The two Hirlemans and A. Hartman are quite sick.

MONDAY, Dec. 26th.—Clear and cold with fine sleighing. In the evening D. M'Henry and Chapin called at the Buehler House and had a pleasant interview with the proprietor George Bolton, who very kindly invited us to dine with him the next day.

TUESDAY, Dec. 27.—Weather moderate, cloudy, with rain. D. L. Chapin's trial before a Military Commission, having been adjourned until 10 A. M., he was called for and requested to report to Capt. Johnson for trial which he promptly did. There not being a full board the Commission adjourned until 2½ P. M., when for the same cause it was again continued until Wednesday 10 A. M. Hartman, G. and H. Hirleman and Russel M'Henry all sick.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 28th.—Warm sun shone out finely destroying the sleighing. At 10 A. M., D. L. Chapin was called for, and immediately started for the Court Room where he was arraigned before the full Board of Military Commission. Charges and specifications were read to all of which he pleaded *not guilty*. F. M. Ikler the principle witness against him was called and examined in chief, making certain statements which he acknowledged under oath, upon his cross examination, that he had sworn to differently upon another occasion. The counsel for the defense then submitted the case with a few remarks without calling any witnesses for the defense. At 3 P. M, Samuel McHenry, John Lemons, Benjamin Colley Joseph Vansickle and A. L. Davis were called for and requested to report to Captain Johnson for trial. R. M'Henry and A. Hartman, G. and H. Hirleman sick. During the week a large number of citizen prisoners and drafted men were brought in from Clearfield co., Pa. During the latter part of the day a large number were called for. When Wm. Willhelm's name was called he arose and stepped to his father, Jacob Willhelm, an old man aged sixty-one and extended his hand to his aged parent, who with eyes suffused with tears eagerly grasped it. They kissed each other and parted. Abraham Gregory, a citizen from Luzerne county, was called out for trial this afternoon but his case was adjourned until to-morrow.

THURSDAY, Dec. 29.—The trial of Samuel M'Henry and others was resumed to day, and Commission adjourned in the afternoon until 10 A. M. Thursday, Silas Karns and Reuben J. Davis were called about 1 o'clock A. M. to pack their traps and start, and report says they started for Bloomsburg."

Communication.

MR. EDITOR, *Dear Sir:*—The last grand Sociable at the Normal School was quite a big, cheerful thing. Boarding and day scholars mingled in most beautiful harmony in the large, magnificent Chapel. Promenading, social chats, songs of the glee club and the most interesting calisthenic performances, conducted by Miss. Julia Guest and Martha Weir enlivened the evening and gave some occasion for appropriate advice by the head of the institution Professor Ludwig at the Piano and Master Bickley with his Violin were received with great pleasure and the most marked attention, and Mrs. Best sang one of her very best songs. It was a pleasant evening only saddened by the thought of parting, parting from our pleasant school, parting from friends, perhaps never more to meet them! Alas! such is life! Why should we not take a lesson and a warning? As the following morning we bid adieu in our beautiful parlors, many a silent tear coursed down pale cheeks, and as the crowded cars emptied their contents here and there on the way, we could not help thinking, when and where shall we meet again? How soon shall some of us be called to the last resting place with the last train to the eternal home, and what a home?

WILKES-BARRE, March 23, 1870.

MR. EDITOR, *Dear Sir:*—We had yesterday a very excellent Concert in our Liberty Hall; such a concert as is seldom given in smaller places. A very good quintette of German artists on brass instruments discoursed good music of Sappe, Verdi and Gobussi in good style and with very great precision. The Misses Hughes from Rochester, McAnall and Mrs. Hughes sang most delightfully and artistically and Miss Hughes performed besides very skillfully on the Violin. We imagined ourselves back to the days of our youth, when our ears were charmed with the sweet melodies executed with masterly skill upon the same instrument by the world renowned Sisters Milanollo, who played at every court of Europe.

Messrs. Marsh and Jones sang with great applause several comic songs, Professor Spencer from Philadelphia brought us back to the old blessed times when we were enthralled by Litzt and Thalberg and the Concert giver, Professor Heller, astonished us by his very great proficiency. Why cannot our dear little Bloomsburg enjoy the same privileges?

A Card.

To the gentlemen and ladies who, on the 14th of last month, so cheerfully and kindly made us a visit and left us as tokens of their esteem, funds, produce, etc., in the aggregate amounting to about $150, we desire through the COLUMBIAN to return our unfeigned thanks. We would also assure the good people of this Charge that all previous donations from them are held in grateful remembrance, and that the smile of the Great Father of all mercies and the saving grace of the precious Redeemer may ever rest upon them is the devout prayer of the Pastr oand of her who shares with him, the joys and sorrows of an itinerants life!

J. FEARON BROWN,
Orangeville April 1st 1870.

Obituary.

Hon. Pierre Soule, of Louisiana, died in New Orleans on Saturday last aged 69 years. He was in many respects a remarkable man and had filled many positions of honor in the Government. He was of French birth and came to this country in his 24th year, when he studied law and acquired much reputation as an able and brilliant lawyer. In 1847 he was elected to fill a vacancy in the Senate of the United States, and was re-elected in 1849 for six years but resigned in 1853 to go as American minister to Spain. With John Y. Mason, then our minister at Paris, and James Buchanan, then our minister at London, he aided to prepare the famous Ostend manifesto for the forcible seizure of Cuba. His manners were polished; his dress neat, careful, and Parisian; his habits moderate; his elocution exquisite, and rendered agreeable by his French accent; and his abilities of a high order. He had taken no part in public matters for some time before his death.

SALES OF GOLD ORDERED. WASHINGTON, March. 27.—Secretary Boutwell has directed the Assistant Treasurer at New York to sell $2,000,000 of gold and purchase $2,000,000 worth of bonds, on account of the sinking fund, during the month of April, and in addition thereto to purchase $2,000,000 worth of bonds for the special fund, making in all a sale of $2,000,000 of gold and a purchase of $4,000,000 worth of bonds for the month of April equivalent to throwing $6,000,000 of gold into the market.

Important to Hotel Keepers and others.

Ever since we have been connected with *The Columbian*, we have made it a specialty to give in full or a synopsis of all our Court proceedings and important legal decisions, and for the reason that as the people are all bound by these decisions they should know them. Below we give an important opinion by Judge Mayer of Clinton County:

OPINION OF JUDGE MAYER.

In the matter of the application of Philip Keller and others for license to keep a hotel or tavern:

By the sixth section of the act of Assembly of the 20th of April, 1858, regulating the granting of licenses by the Court of Quarter Sessions, for the sale of liquors, to the keepers of hotels, inns, or taverns, it is provided that, "Licenses to vend the liquors aforesaid or any of them shall be granted to citizens of the United States of temperate habits and good moral character, *whenever the requirements of the laws on the subject are complied with by such applicant.*" It is objected on the part of the opponents to the granting of licenses to the petitioners that they have not complied with the requirements of the law in relation to the assessment and valuation of the yearly rental of the house which the petitioners intend to occupy for the purpose of a hotel. That it is an essential prerequisite to be complied with by every applicant for a hotel license before the Court can grant such a license. In order to determine whether this position is maintainable, it will be necessary to refer to and examine the various acts of Assembly which regulate the granting of licenses by the Court, for the purpose of ascertaining whether an assessment and valuation of the yearly rental of the house intended to be occupied as a hotel by the petitioners is such a requirement of the law as is necessary to be observed by the applicant for a license before he can ask the Court to grant it, and whether it is the duty of the Court to refuse such a license, where it appears that no such assessment or valuation was made.

On the 11th day of March, 1834, an act of Assembly was passed, by the sixth section of which it is made the duty of the Commissioners of every county, previously to every triennial assessment, to send to the assessor of every ward, township and district within the county, their precept, requiring him to make a just and perfect return, in such form as the Commissioners shall direct, of the names of all inn-keepers and tavern-keepers within the respective ward, township and district, *and of such other persons as may be desirous of keeping inns or taverns therein*, and also to make a just valuation of the yearly rental of every inn and tavern therein and of every house in which any person may be desirous as aforesaid of keeping an inn or tavern.

By the seventh section of the same act, the assessors are required to take an account of the names and surnames of all the inn-keepers and tavern keepers within their respective wards, townships and districts, "and of all persons who may be desirous of keeping inns or taverns therein, and who shall request to be so returned," and shall make the valuation directed in the sixth section, and return the same to the Commissioners.

The 8th section provides, that the Commissioners shall direct notice to be given of the valuation, and appeals to be held in the same manner, and at the same time and place, as appeals are held in relation to county rates and levies, after which they shall examine, equalize and adjust the valuation returned to them, and shall deliver the valuation so adjusted by them, together with a computation of the price of the license in every case, to the clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective county, to be filed in his office.

The ninth section provides as follows: "Every person intending to apply for a license to keep an inn or tavern, shall, at the annual assessment, designate to the assessors the house and property which he may intend to occupy for that purpose, and desire them to make a valuation of the yearly rental thereof, and return his name and application to the Commissioners, to be by them returned to the several clerks of the Court of Quarter Sessions of the respective county."

On the 31st day of March, 1856, another act of Assembly, regulating the sale of liquors, was passed, by the 15th section of which it is provided that "All persons applying for license and classified under the 13th section of this act shall be assessed and returned as provided in the 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th sections of an act relating to inns, taverns, and retailers of vinous and spiritous liquors, passed the 11th day of March, A. D. 1834, and those classified under the 12th and 14th sections of this act shall be assessed and returned by the persons and in the manner provided by law, in the several counties of this State, for the appraisement of mercantile taxes."

Those classified under the 13th section of this act were all hotels, inns and taverns, and, by the provisions of the 15th section of the same act above referred to, are to be assessed and returned in accordance with the provisions of the 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th sections of the act of Assembly of 11th of March, 1834. Those classified under the 12th and 14th sections of this same act of 1856, were venders of vinous, malt, or distilled liquors, either with or without other goods, wares or commodities, and the keepers of eating houses or restaurants, who are to be assessed and returned by the appraiser of mercantile taxes. The 13th section of the act of Assembly of 1856 was afterwards supplied by the third section of the act of April 20, 1858, which merely changed the classification and rating of hotels, inns and taverns from the yearly rental of the house intended to be occupied for a hotel, to the estimated yearly sales of liquors in said house. In the proviso to said third section of the act of April 20th, 1858, it is enacted that the estimated yearly sales of all applicants for such licenses shall be assessed as provided in the 15th section of the act of Assembly approved March 31st A. D. 1856.

From a careful examination of these various acts of Assembly it is apparent that the Legislature has provided a mode by which every hotel, inn or tavern, and every house intended to be used and occupied for a hotel, inn or tavern, is to be assessed and valued, and by the 9th section of the act of 1834 hereinbefore referred to, it is incumbent upon every person intending to apply for a license to keep a hotel or tavern, to have this assessment and valuation made, in accordance with the 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th sections of said act of 1834, and the 15th section of the act of March 31, 1856, and the 3d section of the act of April 20, 1858.

The evidence adduced before the Court on the hearing of these applications clearly shows the absence of any assessment and valuation. What is the duty of the Court? The act of Assembly of April 20, 1858, under which we are authorized to grant licenses, declares in plain and unequivocal language that licenses shall be granted to citizens of the United States of temperate habits and good moral character, "whenever the requirements of the laws on the subject are complied with by any such applicant." Having made a careful investigation of all the acts of Assembly regulating the sale of liquors and conferring upon the Courts the power to grant licenses, and after an impartial consideration of the question submitted for our decision, we are of the opinion that an assessment and valuation of the yearly rental of the house which the applicant intends to occupy for the purpose of a hotel, is such a requirement of the law as must be complied with by such applicant before the Court can grant him a license. We, therefore, refuse to grant the application of the petitioners for a license to keep a hotel. We have arrived at this conclusion under a sense of the obligation that rests upon every judicial tribunal to ascertain what the law is, and when once clearly ascertained to declare it, and enforce the law thus declared. This decision does not, however, preclude the Court from granting a license to keep an eating house or restaurant to the said petitioners.

Latest News.

EXECUTION OF THE MURDERER OF FOURTEEN HUMAN BEINGS.—WHEELING, March. 24. Thomas D. Carr was hanged in the county jail at St. Clairsville, Ohio, to-day for the murder of Louisa C. Fox, near St. Clairsville, in January, 1869. No one was admitted to the jail but the sheriff and his assistants, and the newspaper reporters. Carr was cool and collected throughout, but the recklessness which characterized his conduct during his trial had entirely disappeared. By his own confession he is believed to have been the greatest murderer ever born in this or any other country. He acknowledges having prepetrated fourteen cold-blooded murders, and made five unsuccessful attempts to take life before the killing of Miss Fox. This execution was the first that ever occurred in Belmont county, and it created great excitement.

TOURS, FRANCE March. 27.—Prince Pierre Bonaparte has been acquitted of the murder of Victor Noir in spite of the strong appeal made by the Procureur General for a verdict of guilty with extenuating circumstances. The jury was out only one hour. As soon as the verdict was announced the counsel for the *partie civile* demanded $20,000 damages; and, in consequence of this demand, the Prince was not released from custody. This amount has been finally awarded to the prosecution and will of course be paid by Bonaparte.

WASHINGTON, March. 28.—The War Department declines to appoint the colored youth recommended as a cadet to the Military Academy by Benjamin F. Butler, on the ground that he is not of the required age.

ST. LOUIS, Mo. March 28.—President Grant pays taxes on $10.000, and General Sherman on $235,000 worth of property in this county.

DES MOINES, IOWA. March, 28.—Accounts have been received here of the freezing to death of twelve men in the northwestern part of the State during the recent storm and cold snap. Six others are missing, and it is feared have met with a similar fate.

SHENANDOAH CITY, Schuylkill county, March 29.—A terrible accident occurred at the coal mine of Richard Heickscher, situated a few miles from this place, at an early hour this morning. It appears that while four men were descending the shaft to commence the day's work the rope broke, precipitating them to the bottom, a depth of over sixty feet. All were instantly killed. The names of the unfortunate men have not yet been ascertained, but full particulars are hourly expected.

Legislature.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, March 24.—The morning session was occupied in the consideration of the appropriation bill. Inquiry was made whether the bill to aid in the construction of a railroad from Jersey Shore to Buffalo had been sent to the Governor.

HOUSE.

There was considerable excitement during the morning session over the Tamaqua and Delaware Railroad bill, which had been sent to the house from the Senate, and which the latter wished to recall.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, March. 25.—A motion to issue attachments fo defaulting witnesses in the Diamond-Watt case was agreed to. An act was passed creating an additional District Court judge.

HOUSE.

The bill providing for a State geological survey was reported favorably, after which a bill was passed to erect a monument in honor of the Pennsylvania soldiers who fell during the rebellion.

HOUSE.

MONDAY March. 28.—Mr. Elliott asked leave to introduce a bill repealing the law for the better collection of delinquent taxes, passed last week.

Mr. Elliott said that there was some mystery about the passage of the original bill, and that it would take a large amount of money from the city Treasury.

The House refused to suspend the order.

Congress.

FRIDAY, March 25.—In the Senate yesterday no business was transacted.

In the House principal business of the morning was the final report of the Military Committee on the sale of cadetships, the substance of which was that there were no more cases to be acted upon.

The Tariff bill occupied the attention of the House during the remainder of the session and in the evening.

SATURDAY, March. 26.—In the Senate, yesterday, a bill was introduced for the reduction of the army. It adopts and agrees substantially with the House, but provides further for reducing the number of enlisted men to 25,000.

In the House, the subject of cadetships sales was again brought up. In Committee of the whole the debate on the tariff was resumed early in the day, and continued through the session. At 5½ P. M. the House adjourned until to day for general debate only.

TUESDAY March. 29.—In the Senate, yesterday, various bills and resolutions of no general interest were introduced, and considerable debate took place upon an inquiry by Mr. Drake as to the cause of the delay in reporting the bill for the admission of Texas.

In the House both the morning and evening session were mainly devoted to the debate on the tariff. A number of members expressed their views, among them Mr. Cox, who made a long speech in defense of free trade. No progress was made with the bill.

WEDNESDAY March. 30.—In the Senate Mr. Sherman reported a substitute for the joint resolution regarding the income tax, which provides for the taxing of incomes received during the present year at the rate now established, and thereafter at three per cent. The General Deficiency bill was reported with amendments.

In the House, the Election Committee reported adversely on the claim of Mr. Segar as a Representative at large from Virginia, and against Mr. Reading, the sitting member in the Reading vs. Taylor case. Mr. Logan made a long reply to Gen. Sherman's letter condemning the Army bill; and then the Tariff bill was cosidered.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the undersigned either on Note or Book Account, are hereby notified to settle their accounts at once, or they will be collected according to law. J. C. RUTTER, M. D.
Bloomsburg, April 1, 1870-tf.

NO NEW DISCOVERY!!!

It has long been known that the old established and well stocked FURNITURE & BEDDING WAREROOMS of H. R. LEWIS, Sr., are the cheapest in the city. He is now selling PARLOR SUITS in PLUSH, HAIR CLOTH, REPS or TERRY. WALNUT CHAMBER SUITS in OIL or VARNISH; COTTAGE FURNITURE, all styles; BEDDING AND MATTRESSES, various sizes, cheaper than auction prices. Come and see, and be convinced. You will save money by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

H. R. LEWIS, Sr.,
143 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Next door to cor. of Fifteenth St.
apr1'70-3m.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia County, Pa., on SATURDAY, the 23d day of April, 1870, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, Paul Fry, Administrator, &c., of David Fry, Sr., late of Beaver township, in said county, dec'd, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a

CERTAIN TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Beaver township in said county, adjoining lands of John Longenberger on the north, lands of Daniel singley on the east, lands of Paul Fry on the west, and lands of George W. Fry on the south,

CONTAINING FIFTY ACRES,

more or less. All improved land, whereon is erected a

GOOD DWELLING HOUSE

and other out-buildings, a good young Apple Orchard on the premises, and good water at the dwelling house. Late the estate of said dec'd.

WELLINGTON H. ENT, Clerk.

☞ CONDITIONS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid by the purchaser at the striking down of the property; one-fourth less the ten per cent. to be paid on the confirmation of the sale; the balance to be paid in one year from the confirmation of sale, with interest from the time the purchaser gets possession of the said premises. All the grain now in the ground as well as the grain and seeds to be sown and planted prior to the 1st day of April A. D. 1871, are reserved, the straw of the same to remain on the premises. Possession of said premises will be given on the 1st day of April, A. D., 1871. Purchaser to pay for Deed and Stamps.

PAUL FRY,
Beaver, April 1, 1870-3t. Administrator.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BLOOMSBURG
At close of business, MARCH 28th, 1870.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$186,119.56
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	53,000
Due From Redeeming and Reserve Agents,	42,887.79
Due from other National Banks,	23,301.18
" " Banks and Bankers	7,284.61
Current Expenses,	1,100.53
Taxes paid,	1,082.25
Cash Items (including stamps,)	674.51
Bills of other National Banks	416,
Fractional Currency (including nickels,)	89,
Legal Tender Notes,	17,775,
	$333,969.43

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in,	$50,000,
Surplus Fund,	50,000,
Discount	7,560.10
Exchange,	1,028.69
Interest,	3,035.43
Profit and Loss,	8,144.95
National Bank circulation outstanding,	43,665,
Individual Deposits,	161,252.40
Cashier's checks outstanding,	175,
Due to National Banks,	11,749.23
" " other Banks and Bankers,	1,078.63
	$333,969.43

STATE OF PENNA. } ss.
County of Columbia. }

I, J. P. Tustin, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bloomsburg, do solemnly affirm that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. P TUSTIN, Cashier.

Submitted and affirmed to before me, this 29th day of March, 1870.

WM. PEACOCK, Notary Public.

CORRECT.—*Attest*:—Wm. Neal, C. R. Paxton, Wm. McKelvy, Directors.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents, have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation, to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Wednesday, the 4th day of May 1870 at two o'clock P. M., of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of David Fry, late of Beaver twp., Col. co., dec'd.
2. Widow of Collins Sutliff, late of Sugarloaf twp., dec'd.
3. Widow of Peter Pelfer, late of Centre twp. dec'd.
4. Widow of Benj. Camp, late of Locust twp., dec'd.
5. Widow of George Rupp, late of Locust twp., dec'd.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
apr1'70. Register.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—NOTICE IS hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 4th day of May, 1870, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

1. Account of John Shuman, Guardian of Kyser Hosler, minor child of Henry Hosler, late of Beaver twp., dec'd.
2. The final account of Franklin Christian, adm'r. of Valentine Christian, late of Madison twp., dec'd.
3. Account of John Staley, adm'r. of Elisha Albertson, late of Greenwood twp., dec'd.
4. The final account of William Creasy, Guardian of Susanna Gearhart, minor child of Joseph Gearhart, late of Catawissa twp., dec'd.
5. The account of James Masters, adm'r. of Thomas Pursel, late of Greenwood twps., dec'd.
6. The first account of Wm. Hagenbuch and Wilson Mellek, adm'rs. of Peter Melick, late of Scott twp; dec'd.
7. The first and final account of Nicholas Kinat, adm'r. of Frederick Rohr, late of Greenwood twp., dec'd.
8. The first and final account of John R. Moyer, adm'r. of John Hartman, late of Orange twp. deceased.
9. The first and final account of Michael F. Eyerly, adm'r. of Dr. John P. Kluge, late of Bloom twp., dec'd.
10. The first and final account of I. W. Hartman, Executor of Benjamin S. Merrill, late of Bloom twp., dec'd.
11. The account of Thomas Creveling, Jr., adm'r. of John Miller late of Scott twp., dec'd.
12. The account of Jacob Stine, adm'r. of Frederick Lohrman, late of Locust twp., dec'd.
13. The account of Solomon Neyhard, Guardian of J. Bowman, Matilda A. Bowman, Martha S. Bowman, Mary J. Bowman, Winfield S. Bowman and John H. Bowman, minor children of Samuel A. Bowman, late of Mifflin twp., dec'd.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
apr1'70. Register.

GRAND JURORS.
FOR MAY TERM, 1870.

Bloom—Lott Wertz, John A. Funston, Freas Brown.
Briarcreek—Wesley Hagenbuch, Elias Yost, Nehemiah Rittenhouse.
Benton—John W. Reishline.
Berwick Boro.—James Jacoby,

The Columbian.

Bloomsburg, Friday, April 1, 1870.

GOV. HARY has vetoed the District Court bill for Luzerne County.

—The last week's Montour *American*, was unusually, good number.

—Correction. Since writing the above we have learned that the Editor was absent from home.

—We learn that the house of Mr. Evans near Rohrsburg, was destroyed by fire on the 23d inst., together with the contents. The loss will amount to $300 or $400. No Insurance.

—SUGAR MAKING.—The warm days and cool nights are very favorable to the production of maple sugar and we understand that our up-creek friends are busily at work. We have seen none in the market as yet.

—CHILDED.—A little daughter of Jared Vannon of this place was severely scalded, on Wednesday last, by falling into a pail of boiling water. The injuries although severe are not dangerous.

—A pamphlet containing the Act of Incorporation of the town of Bloomsburg with all the acts or parts of acts amended to, published complete, is now for sale at both the book stores. Only a limited number of copies have been printed and therefore those who desire the entire Act in a convenient form should secure a pamphlet immediately.

—ACCIDENTS.—On Saturday last the pigeons began to fly in great numbers, and every gun and pigeon net in the county was brought into requisition. The hauls were specially large in Mt. Pleasant, over 10,000 having been netted in as high as eight dozen were taken at a shot. Hundreds were brought into town and readily sold from fifty cents to a dollar per dozen.

—ATTENTION!—There will be a meeting of the Espy Mutual Building and Loan Fund Association, in Odd Fellow's Hall, in Espy, on Wednesday April 6th, for the purposes of subscribing for stock and for the transaction of business. Meeting between 2 and 7 o'clock P. M. A full attendance is desired.

By order of the President. *

—GOOD NEWS FOR THE FARMER.—It is a fact beyond dispute that Schuyler Crosby, of Orangeville, Manufactures and sells more Plows than any other establishment in Columbia or Montour counties, if not in the State, for the reason that they make the best work, and offer the fairest chance, that in purchasing it after giving it a fair trial if it does not give perfect satisfaction. n13-tf *

—HIGH WATER.—Reports reach us from various quarters, of the rapid rise of streams, caused by the recent storm and the melting of the accumulated snows. As yet neither the river or creek near this place have risen to any great height and it is not thought that there is much danger of a freshet, though it is known that the snow is very deep, back in the wooded country.

—SEVERE ACCIDENT.—Last week a little son of Samuel Shaffer, of Brown, was in the hay mow throwing down hay he slipped and fell to the floor, and in some manner, bit his tongue completely through, taking off a large piece. He has suffered from the swelling of the tongue and from great loss of blood, but is now comfortable at last accounts. One of the most singular accidents which we have heard for a long time.

—Winter now is the time to lay out plans for out-door work among the flowers next year. And there is just one thing to be avoided. Do not lay out plans on a large scale. A few flowers, especially if they be choice ones, well cared for are better than a wilderness of half-tended, half-weeded, tangled beds. Of all kinds, verbenas, for instance, should be a plenty, that there may be a few in the vase on the mantle or table every day. But the ambition to count up the greatest number of varieties of roses or tulips with less regard to excellence is a mistake.

—REMEDY FOR SCARLET FEVER.—A mother writes of a preventive of scarlet fever:

"I lost two in a house were lying dead of the fever, I was enabled by the Divine mercy to carry our children unscathed through the epidemic merely by putting a small piece of gum-camphor in a little bag, and suspending it around the neck of the child while in bed. This is an astonishing fact, and often tried it in times of danger. I was told it by an old countryman of much intelligence, who used it thus in whooping cough. I believe it forms an atmosphere of its own around the person which wears it and thus repels the infection that is beyond. It should be removed when the danger has passed.

—INCORRIGIBLE.—At a recent meeting of the Democratic citizens of West Pennsboro Twp., Cumberland County, the following excellent resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That we the under-signed citizens of West Pennsboro Township will not support any Candidate for office who shall enter the Township for the purpose of electioneering, and earnestly recommend that the Standing Committee adopt some measures relating the Candidates from such electioneering."

Further citizens would pursue the same course it would save them much trouble, the candidates much expense, and compel the latter to run on their own merits.

—IMPORTANT TO BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.—An exchange says "Commissioner Pearsano has decided that the earnings of Building Associations, whether the profits are or are not divided, are subject to the 5 per cent. income tax. It is a remely fortunate circumstance for the Delano, though equally unfortunate for the country, that his decisions are together independent of equity or law. In the case of any other office of government we might inquire upon what principle this decision is founded. A country pretty well understands, by time, that principles have nothing to do with the extraordinary rulings of Commissioner of the Revenue.—Let not only a law unto himself, but a community have painfully learned that his extraordinary decisions absorb as much all the *profits* too."

—The *Republican* of this week contains a letter from a Centralia correspondent concerning the recent escape of prisoners from the county jail. It would seem as if the moral tone recently adopted by that reliable and hyper-critical sheet had reacted upon itself even unto the subscribers of. The Sheriff of this county, as editor of the *Republican* very well knows is not in the habit of allowing his guests to escape "whenever they desire." The escape was made when the jailer was taking their supper and was simply an unfortunate accident, for which the jailer is certainly not to blame, he being from home at the time. The prisoners have never been better guarded than during the present administration. There is no prison in the Commonwealth from which similar escapes are made. "Accidents will happen," as the *Republican* ought to know, except when the President of a manly, honest, truth-loving sport of anything, in its columns, will tolerate our recommendation, Dr. Ophie to read Mrs. *Ophie*, as you call her, you might learn how to spell her name correctly if nothing else.

—HUGE!—George R. Graham of Light Street shot a Pike on Wednesday morning last 26½ inches in length, 12 inches in circumference weighing 5 pounds. Who can beat it?

—No better evidence is required to prove the superiority of the Singer, over every other Lock Stitch Sewing Machine, than the fact that their Sales exceed by Twenty Thousand yearly any other Company in the world.

—M. E. CONFERENCE.—At the recent Conference held in Pottsville, we notice, that a memoir was read, by Dr. Pattison, of F. S. Childs who died at Bloomsburg May 3d 1869. Mr. Childs was very well known here.

—NORMAL SCHOOL.—We clip the following from the Legislative reports.

"On motion of Mr. Buckalew, the appropriation to the State Normal School of Sixth district was increased to $10,000, to be in full for all claims upon the Commonwealth."

In other words, it is proposed to pay the amount due by the State in one payment of $10,000 instead of two annual payments of $5000 each.

—THE LATE STORM.—The storm which prevailed in this section on Sunday last, although severe, was exceeded in intensity and destructiveness on the Atlantic coast. In New York the damage done was considerable, window shutters, signs, &c., were blown down in great numbers. A large three story brick building on Forty-sixth street, was blown down, crushing to atoms a small tenement near it, and killing a man named Benjamin Donnelly, his wife and three children, and breaking the legs of the fourth child. Several houses in Brooklyn were blown down and many unroofed and otherwise injured. In Williamsburg, a young lady was taken up by the wind and dashed against a stoop and killed. On the Atlantic coast, there is reason to fear, many vessels were driven ashore and wrecked. The storm was one of the severest that has been known for a long time.

—AN IMPORTANT DECISION TO VOLUNTEERS.—A very important decision was rendered in the Supreme Court of the United States on Tuesday last, in which hosts of discharged soldiers have an interest, and which will cost the government many millions of dollars. In the case of Mr. Hosmer, a volunteer, claiming $100 bounty money under the President's call for volunteers in 1861, an appeal from the Court of Claims was decided in favor of claimant. The objection to payment was that the soldier had been discharged on surgeon's certificate before the expiration of the term of enlistment. The Court held that the proclamation calling for volunteers, and the War Department orders stipulating to pay $100, together with the enlistment of the man formed a valid contract, even though the soldier was honorably discharged before he had served the stipulated two years. This awards $100 bounty to a very large portion of the volunteers, and in case they are dead to their natural heirs.

—LANDLORD AND TENANT.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, Judge Agnew delivering the opinion, that, in proceedings under the Landlord and Tenant Act of December 14th, 1863, to recover possession of the demised premises, service of notice on December 25th is a legal three-month's notice, the last day of the term being the 24th of the following March. The law provides that the landlord shall prove that the term is fully ended, and that three month's previous notice has been given. The Court, therefore, held that the term had not fully ended until March 25th, and that as December 25th must be considered a whole day, service on that day was day's notice, and that in three month's notice, was complete and fully ended. The Court also reaffirmed the rule that when by an act of the Legislature, a given number of days are allowed do an act, or when an act may be done within a given number of days, the day on which the rule is taken or the decision made is excluded. The decision in the landlord and tenant case, however, depends upon the particular wording of the act of March 24th, 1863.

—THE RIGHT OF PAUPERS TO VOTE.—The Hon. Benjamin Harris Brewster, late Attorney General of Pennsylvania, has given the following opinion on the right of paupers to vote, from which we extract the following:

"Such a man if a qualified elector, can vote and his vote cast is a lawful vote and as good as any man's vote and it ought to be so. The Constitution establishes this, and it does not disqualify him because he is poor. That does not deprive him of his freedom of his right of citizenship. The necessities of life that have driven him to seek relief do not degrade him below the level of manhood and strip him of an inalienable right which the law does not refuse to the convicted felon. All are freemen now, and all are citizens of the United States, who reside permanently within the Commonwealth for one year and pay the taxes. They are menable to the law, and being so, upon the very fundamental principles of our Government, have a right to represent and to say who shall make the laws. It is not properly nor poverty that rules here. It is the man, responsible to God and responsible to the law. To say otherwise would make poverty worse than crime. The pauper is bound by every law on the statute book and is protected by every provision of the constitution, as much as the wealthiest, wisest or most successful man in the community."

—NEW BOOKS.—We have received a very interesting pamphlet on "Trout Culture," by Seth Green, giving full particulars regarding the raising of Trout. It is an exceedingly interesting work and will prove of value to all lovers of this best of Fish. Published by Seth Green & Collins, Caledonia N. Y. and mailed for $1. It is amply worth the money to any Fish lover.

The National Publishing Co., have furnished us with advance sheets of a work entitled "Life in Utah or the Mysteries and Crimes of Mormonism" by J. H. Beadle. The book gives a full account of the rites and ceremonies of the Latter Day Saints and tells much which has hitherto been unknown of this singular people. In view of the prominence lately given to Mormonism in Congress this book will prove of great interest. It is issued by subscription only. Agents wanted in every county. For particulars apply to the National Publishing Co. Philadelphia, Pa.

—PUNCHINELLO.—This is the name of a new comic paper, published in New York, the first number of which is before us. It is printed on tinted paper, admirably illustrated and gives evidence of able editing. We trust it may be successful and fill a vacant niche in American literature. Heretofore no journal of this description has lived long. The articles are sprightly and full of humor. It is to be hoped the succeeding numbers will bear out the promises of the first.

—PUBLIC SALES:—Bills for the sale of real and personal property have been printed at this office, viz:

D. R. Appleman, Mt. Pleasant, Tuesday, March 29th, personal property.

Estate of John T. Evans, dec'd., Fishingcreek twp., Saturday, March 26th, personal property.

A. J. Berninger, Mainville, Friday, March 25th, personal property.

Estate of Benj. Boone, Orange, Saturday, March 26th, real estate.

A. K. Shuman, Mainville, Wednesday, March 30th, personal property.

Wm. Longenberger, Maine, March, — personal property.

Henry J. Edwards, Bloom township, Friday, March 25th, personal property.

Estate of Eli Crevelling, dec'd., Scott township, Saturday, March 26th, real estate.

S. H. Kline, Light Street, Tuesday, March 29th, personal property.

LOCAL NOTICES.

THE next term of Third Street Graded School will commence April the 4th, by n10-3t*. E. W. WYNKOOP & Co.

FOR SALE.—Two valuable lots in the town of Bloomsburg, on Lackawanna Avenue, will be sold at reasonable rates For full particulars apply to n12 3t*. W. B. KOONS.

THE farmers who have used Sharpless & Harman's Iron Beam plow acknowledge it to be the best manufactured in this section of the country. Farmers would do well to examine them before purchasing elsewhere. n11-3t*.

Do you think the proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy would offer $500 reward for a case of Catarrh which he cannot cure, if he did not positively know that his Remedy would cure Catarrh? Preposterous idea! Sold by druggists; or send Sixty Cents to Dr. R V. Pierce, N. Y., and get a package by mail.

Receipts of "THE COLUMBIAN" for March 1870.

M P Lutz	$62 60	Harrison Pealer	3 75
Josiah Kline	1 00	Capt Wm Allen	2 00
John D Hopper	2 00	David Dreibelbis	2 00
Geo Mantandt	2 00	Philip A Stroup	4 00
J B Anderson	2 00	D G Gearhart	2 00
P C Whitenight	2 00	Blanks	3 00
C W Miller	4 00	Edward Rawlings	9 00
Wm Sievers	10 50	M F Girton	2 00
Jeremiah Berger	2 00	Blanks	25
Mutual B & S F A	3 20	Est of M Rhone	10 00
John McFarland	5 00	Wm P Leidy	2 00
Rhone Mutual Insurance Co.	11 40	E S Kuhn	4 00
George Appleman	2 00	Est of W Wardin	15 00
Stees & Lutz	1 00	C F Vent	31 75
M Wynkoop	4 80	G W Drieshach	2 00
Est of Charles Hess	3 00	S H Kline	3 00
I S Kuhn	4 75	Wm Longenberger	17 25
Henry J Edwards	2 50	John Girton	2 00
W N Boster	2 00	Geo B Getty	4 15
Samuel Creasy	2 00	Est of Chas Hess	3 00
S H Kline	2 00	David Raup	2 25
Geo W Hess	2 00	Blanks	1 40
Isaiah Hagenbuch	3 50	Jacob Long	2 00
Blanks	25	Blanks	2 85
T R Taylor	3 25	C C Mann	1 00
Est of John Yost	2 50	Israel Lindner	35
Thos J Weliver	5 00	Est of C F Mann	3 00
Philip G Heimbach	4 00	Isaac Mantandt	2 00
David Shuman	2 00	Eliza Kruse	5 00
Z S Robbins	3 00	F W Ganten	3 00
J S Bobbilne	2 00	M P Lutz	75
Rohr McHenry	3 00	Cyrus Robbins	2 00
D H B Brower	2 00	Miles Albertson	2 70
Est of A J Sloan	15 00	Silas Wellver	2 40
Frisenmuth Bro	1 85	Isaiah Dietterich	2 00
M W Mensch	4 15	Est of John Hess	2 00
J H Mutze	16 35	Marin Seybert	6 60
Elisha Driesbach	1 00	Est of John Hess	25 00
Ira Ikeler	4 00	J W Singars	4 00
J P Murray	1 00	Est of Jas Dugan	9 00
Jacob Terwilliger	5 00	John Swartwout	2 00
Henry Carver	20 00	Minstrel Troupe	3 00
John Oman	2 00	John Johnson	2 00
Mrs Peter Fisher	2 00	Est of Blanks	2 00
Koons & Clark	1 50	Abner Welsh	2 00
Freas Brown	2 00	Penna Canal Co	2 00
Wyoming Ins Co	15 00	Hugh McBride	2 00
Geo Deip	3 00	John Zeigler	2 00
Ellis Evve & Bro	60	Est of J G Pfahler	3 00
Lawrence Cronan	2 00	H M Robinson	2 50
A B Bartman	2 00	V H Ikeler	2 00

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1.15
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	85
Oats, "	40
Flour per barrel	7 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 00
Butter	40
Eggs	24
Tallow	10
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	2 50
Hams	25
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	20
Hay per ton	18 00
IRON—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 "	34
Bloom	70

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Sheathing, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	2 00
" " 2 " "	1 50
Siding " " B.	18 00

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$4.25@ 4 50
Northwestern extra	4.90@ 4 75
Northwestern family	5.00@ 5 75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5.00@5 25
Pennsylvania and Western extra	5.75@5 87
Pennsylvania and Western family	5.90@6 00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.50@13 00
Rye flour	6 25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, $ bus.	$1.68@1 70
Southern " "	1.66@1 70
California " "	1.65@1 70
" white	$1.13@$1.16
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, $ bus	$1.40@$1.40
CORN—Yellow, "	$1.20
White, "	$1.17@$1.17
OATS—Prime "	62@65
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, $ bbl	$21.50
Mess Beef "	$24.00
Dressed Hogs, $ lb	8@8½
Smoked Hams, "	17@18
" Shoulders "	13
Lard, "	12@12½
SEEDS—Cloverseed $ bus	8@8½
Timothy seed $ bus	$4.75
Flaxseed	$2.00
CATTLE—Best Cattle $ lb	8@8½
Cows, $ head	$35@$54
SHEEP—$ lb	5@6
HOGS—$ 100 lbs	$11@$11

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will almost Invariably give Instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

nov. 12,'69-6m.

The Season and its Dangers.

The human body is chiefly composed of tissues and fibres as sensitive to every change in the condition of the atmosphere as the most delicate electrometer, or the quicksilver in a barometer tube.

The stomach, the skin, the nerves, the lungs and the excretory organs are especially liable to be affected by these variations, and the best defence against their disastrous tendency is to keep the digestive machinery, which feeds and nourishes the whole system, in good working order.

If the stomach is weak or disordered neither the blood nor the bile can be in a healthy state, and upon the fitness of these two important fluids for the offices assigned to them by nature and the regularity of their flow, health in a great measure depends.

When the air is heavily laden with chilling vapors, as it often is at this season of the year, the digestion should be an object of peculiar care. If it is weak and languid, the whole physical structure will be enervated. If it is vigorous, the entire organization will be strong to resist the untoward and depressing influence of a damp and vitiated atmosphere.

A pure and powerful tonic is therefore especially needed as a safeguard against the diseases most common in the Spring, and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters being the most wholesome and potent medicine of the class at present known, a course of it is particularly advisable at this period of the year. The stomach will thereby be toned and strengthed, the liver and bowels regulated, the nervous system braced up, and nature put in a state of active defence against the miasma which superinduces intermittent and remittent fevers, rheumatisms, nervous debility, headache, hypochondria and other complaints which are apt to assail the untoned and unfortified organizations. The body is strengthened without exciting the brain, and consequently no unpleasant reaction follows its reviving and renovating operation.

GENUINE "RAMSDELL NORWAY OATS."

Warranted to be from seed purchased by me from the Originator "D. W. Ramsdell," Chelsea, Vt. Price, 4 Bushels $10; 1 Bushel $3, and post paid 5 pounds $1, 1 quart 25 cents, Sow one bushel in the acre.

H. H. BROWN,
mar18'70-3t. Light Street, Pa.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or negotiate two promissory notes drawn by the undersigned in favor of J. Wesley Yohe, as no value has been received therefor. The Notes are for seventy-five dollars each, dated February 24th, 1870, and are payable, one, six months after date with interest therefrom, the other, eight months after date with interest therefrom. ZACHARIAH KRAMER,
JOHN H. DAVIS.

Beaver Valley, March 18, 1870-4t.

GRAND OPENING OF FURNITURE OPPOSITE THE OLD EPISCOPAL CHURCH, BLOOMSBURG, Pa.

The undersigned having just returned from the cities with a large assortment of Furniture and chairs of all kinds, also a large assortment of trunks, traveling bags, and cedar ware, feels confident he can sell cheaper than any Furniture dealer in this county. Material for repairing Sofas and Lounges constantly on hand. Lumber or country produce taken in exchange for furniture. Please give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. WM. RABB.

feb11'70-tf.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT MAY TERM 1870.

Little,	Daniel F. Seybert,	
Jackson.	vs	Joseph Gensel.
Little,	Daniel F. Seybert,	
2	vs	
Stewart,	Uyenel Marts.	
Clark,	Edward McCall, et. al.	
3	vs	
Freeze.	John Sweeney	
Hakes,	William Longenberger et. al	
4	vs	
	Hugh W. McKeynolds, et. al.	
Clark,	D. L. Chapin,	
5	vs	
Freeze,	William Pursell	
Freeze,	Jacob Miesner,	
6	vs	
Clark.	Samuel G. Knickadam.	
Clark,	John Coleman,	
7	vs	
Brockway.	Michael Cronan.	
Clark,	John Shipman,	
8	vs	
Freeze;	Thos J. Vandersloe	
Kahler,	Charles R. Green,	
9	vs	
Clark.	Peter Schug.	
Freeze,	George Zarr,	
10	vs	
Clark.	William McKelvy.	
Freeze & Clark,	John Applegate,	
11	vs	
Knorr.	Thomas Polk.	
Freeze & Clark,	John Applegate,	
12	vs	
Knorr.	Thomas Polk.	
Little,	Reuben H. King,	
13	vs	
Kahler.	Elisha B Pursel.	
Clark,	Sara A. Peterman's adm'r.	
14	vs	
Freeze,	Valentine Stout, et. al.	
Freeze,	Thomas Benfield	
15	vs	
Ikeler.	Urlah Campbell.	
Clark,	L. Henlic, use.	
16	vs	
Freeze,	B. H. Creveling, et. al.	
Knorr,	A & J. Reinoehl	
17	vs	
Clark.	Lackawanna & B. R. R. Co.	
Whitmoyer.	Alexander Colley	
18	vs	
Freeze.	Allnas Cole.	
Clark,	Monroe Brundage	
19	vs	
Kahler.	Elisha B. Pursell.	
Brockway.	Michael Grover use.	
20	vs	
Clark.	H. S. Marr.	
Freeze,	Mary John,	
21	vs	
Clark & Knorr,	Mary John's Committee.	
Freeze,	Stacy John,	
22	vs	
Clark & Knorr.	Mary John's Committee.	
Freeze,	Stacy John,	
23	vs	
Clark & Knorr.	Mary John's Committee.	
Clark & Brockway	Peter Schug,	
24	vs	
Little,	Charles Lee.	
Brockway.	David Lewis, guardian,	
25	vs	
Whitmoyer.	Collins Sutliff's adm'r.	
Marr Brothers,	Continental Coal Co.	
26	vs	
Freeze.	Lehigh Valley R. R. Co.	
Knorr.	Wm. Marr,	
26½	vs	
Kahler & Ikeler.	Hughes & Ruckle.	
Abbott,	Ann Margerum;	
27	vs	
	David Hunt, et ux.	
Whitmoyer.	Samuel Whitmyer,	
28	vs	
Clark.	Wilson Ieffterich.	
Clark.	Thomas Hughes, use,	
29	vs	
Freeze.	Wesley Ruckel.	
Whitmoyer.	Frederick Hossler,	
Brockway & Thompson.	30 vs	Gideon G. Hossler, et. al.
Clark.	Samuel Kline.	
31	vs	
Ikeler.	Preserve Conner, et. al.	
Brockway.	W. B. Kline, et. ux.	
32	vs	
Little.	Abraham Moore, et. al.	
Freeze,	Jacob Gilbert,	
33	vs.	
Whitmoyer.	George Stratsseer.	
Jackson.	John McAnall,	
34	vs	
Barkley.	Jeremiah Jacoby.	
Little,	Wm. Brooks, et. ux.	
35	vs	
Freeze.	Wm. Struthers, et. ux.	
Freeze.	Joseph O. Kramer,	
36	vs	
Clark.	Peter Smith.	
Leveile.	Thacher & Co. et. al.	
37	vs	
Little.	Wm. Goodman,	
Baldy.	Wm. M. Martin, et. ux.	
38	vs	
Clark & Freeze,	Timothy Ragan et. al.	
Clark.	George Hower's executor,	
39	vs	
Knorr.	David B. Hower	
Clark.	Morris Rosenbach, et. al,	
40	vs	
Barkley.	A. J. Evans,	
Freeze,	C. D. Fowler, use,	
41	vs	
Jackson.	Reuben Miller.	
Freeze.	Robert Gorell.	
42	vs	
Little.	Barney McBrearty, et. al.	
Robinson,	Charles H. Wilhelm et. al.	
43	vs	
Baldy.	Michael Woods.	
Rhodes,	Daniel Rhodes,	
44	vs	
Brockway.	William Tyson	
Miller.	Sharpless & Harman,	
45	vs	
Jackson.	Charles D. Fowler	
Butler.	McIntosh Miller's adm'r.	
46	vs	
Ikler.	Elias Giger.	
Howell.	C. S. Fowler.	
47	vs	
Little.	Jesse S. Rice.	
Little.	Daniel Bogart,	
48	vs	
Miller.	A. Wilot Patterson, et. al.	

WELLINGTON H. ENT, Proth'y.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

SCIRE, FACIAS TO BRING IN WIDOW AND HEIRS.

Jacob Shuman vs Catherine Longenberger widow of Geo. Longenberger, dec'd., et. al.	No. 21 May Term 1870.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to the Sheriff of the county of Columbia; Greeting: whereas Jacob Shuman heretofore to wit: on the eighth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine in our Court of Common Pleas before our Judges at Bloomsburg recovered judgment against William Longenberger and James McClarney, Executors of all and singular the goods and chattels rights and credits which were of George Longenberger late of your county, dec'd, for a certain debt of three hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty cents as also twenty and sixty cents and twenty five cents which to the said Jacob Shuman were adjudged for his costs and charges which he sustained by reason of the detention of that debt; and whereas the said Geo. Longenberger died seized in his demesne of real estate in the said county of Columbia which descended and came to the said Catharine Longenberger, Elizabeth wife of John Keiffer, Lydia wife of Reuben Seybert, Naomi wife of Edward Carey, Martha wife of Wm. John, Catharine Longenberger, Wm. Longenberger, Mary wife of James McAlarney, Catharine wife of David Shuman, Elizabeth Miller and Stephen Miller, that they be before our Judges at Bloomsburg at our county Court of Common Pleas there to be held on the first Monday of May next, to show cause if anything they have to know or say why said judgment so recovered against the said Wm. Longenberger and James McAlarney, Executor, &c., of the said George Longenberger dec'd. shall not be levied and paid out of the said real estate of which the said Geo. Longenberger died seized as aforesaid and have you then and there this writ.

Witness the Honorable William Elwell President Judge of our said Court at Bloomsburg, the eighteenth day of February, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy.

WELLINGTON H. ENT,
mar18-7t. Prothonotary.

GREENWOOD SEMINARY.

The Spring Term of this Institution will open on MONDAY, APRIL 18th, 1870, and the first quarter of Eleven weeks will terminate on the first of July, when there will be a vacation until the first of August.

Boarding students, not placed under the immediate charge of relations, are expected to board at the Seminary, and boarders must furnish their own towels, &c.

TERMS:

Boarding and Lights, per quarter	$35 00
Tuition, do	87.00 to 8 00
do Juvenile class do	4.00 to 5 00

Washing extra, and all bills payable, one-half in advance, and balance at or before the end of the quarter. For further particulars inquire of WM. BURGESS,
Millville, March 4, 1870-3m. Principal.

FOR SALE.

About fifty-five feet 2½ in. Shafting with plate couplings and hangings complete, now in use but light for our work. Also sixty feet new shafting 2¾ in. and 2 in. turned, with plate couplings and adjustable hangers. Will be sold cheap Also one Threshing Machine. Apply to S. W. SAMPLE & CO.

dec. 17,'69-tf.

SLATE ROOFING,
EVERY VARIETY
AT
MOST FAVORABLE RATES,
JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS
Box, 277. Bloomsburg, Pa.
Mar.18,69-1y

Legal Notices.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
ESTATE OF JOHN T. EVANS, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John T. Evans late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Jacob S. Evans of Greenwood township, Columbia county. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrator without delay. JACOB S. EVANS,
mar11'70-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF GEORGE RUPP, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Geo. Rupp, late of Locust township Columbia county dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to Mary Rupp, of Locust township. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

mar24'70-6t. MARY RUPP,
Administratrix.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF WILLIAM SNYDER, DEC'D.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, *inter alia* the Auditor appointed by the Court, on exceptions with power to make distribution of the estate of said William Snyder, dec'd, late of Bloom township, in the county of Columbia, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment on Saturday the 9th day of April next, at 9 o'clock A. M., at the office of C. B Brockway in Bloomsburg, in said county. All parties interested are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

mar17'70-1w. C. B. BROCKWAY,
Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF BENJAMIN LOWE, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Benjamin Lowe late of Montour twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to J. K. Robbins residing in the twp., and county aforesaid. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrator, without delay.

J. K. ROBBINS,
feb. 25,'70-6w. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN BEALER, DEC'D.

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, an Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator, of the estate of John Bealer deceased, among creditors and heirs, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday the 11th day of April, 1870, at 1 o'clock, P. M. All parties interested or having claims against the said estate are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

mar17'70-1w. C. B. BROCKWAY,
Auditor

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF LYDIA WANICH, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Lydia Wanich, late of Bloom township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county, to Jacob Wanich of Bloomsburg. All persons having claims against the estate of said decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to make payment to the undersigned, without delay.

JACOB WANICH,
mar17'70-6t. Administrator.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF GEORGE YINGER DEC'D.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the Auditor appointed by the court, on exceptions with power to make distribution, of the estate of said George Yinger late of Montour twp, dec'd, among the heirs and legal representatives and persons entitled thereto, will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment at E. H. Little's office, Bloomsburg, Col. co., on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons having claims on said fund are required to attend, or be forever debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

W. H. ABBOTT,
mar17'70-3w. Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF REV. ELIJAH WILSON DEC'D.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, *inter alia* the Auditor appointed by the Court, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Administrator of the estate of Elijah Wilson deceased, among creditors and heirs will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment, at his office in Bloomsburg on Tuesday, the 12th day of April, 1870 at 1 o'clock P. M. All persons interested or having claims against the said estate are requested to attend, or be debarred from coming in for a part of the said fund.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
mar17'70-1w. Auditor.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.
ESTATE OF JACOB EYER, LATE OF GREENWOOD TWP., COLUMBIA COUNTY, DECEASED.

To Philip P. Eyer, John Eyer, Adam Eyer, Wm. Eyer, Anna Intermarried with John Wellver, Margaret intermarried with Sam'l Johnson, Henry Eyer, and the following nephews and nieces being the children of Sarah Eyer now dec'd, who was intermarried with Daniel Weliver, to wit: Silas Weliver, Abigail who was intermarried with Joseph Runyan dec'd., Lucinda who was intermarried with John Demott dec'd., Charity intermarried with D. R. Johnson, George W. Weliver, Mary intermarried with Erastus Henderson, Catharine A. intermarried with Jonas Allen, and Phineas Weliver, all of whom are living in Columbia county except Phineas Weliver, who resides in Linn Co. and Adam Eyer, who resides in the State of Illinois, and John Eyer, who resides in the State of Ohio. That the said decedent, Jacob Eyer, died seized in fee of and in certain real estate in Columbia county and described as follows:

No. 1. A tract of land situate in Bloom twp., bounded by the Main road leading from Bloomsburg to Lightstreet, lands of John G. Freeze, lands of Mrs. Ann Mann, McKelvy & Co., Dr. J. C. Rutter, Bloomsburg Iron Co. and others containing one hundred and seventy-three acres more or less.

No. 2. A lot adjoining the above described, known as the "Still House" lot, containing about nine acres.

No. 3. A tract of land containing about two hundred and fifty-five acres situate in Fishingcreek twp., bounded by lands of John G. Moore, Abraham Young, William Kramer, Philip Appleman and others.

No. 4. A tract of land containing one hundred acres strict measure, bounded by lands of Robert Hopkins, A. A. Miller Heirs of Robt. Montgomery, other lands of Jacob Eyer and others, situate in Greenwood twp.

No. 5. A tract of land situate in Greenwood twp., bounded by lands of the Heirs of Jacob Eyer, lands of Wm. Fullman, Elizabeth Fullman and others, containing fifty-four acres and ninety-nine perches, strict measure.

No. 6. A tract of land situate in Madison twp. containing one hundred acres strict measure, bounded by Demott's creek, Fishingcreek and other lands of the Heirs of Jacob Eyer.

No. 7. A tract of land situate in Madison twp. containing one hundred and thirty-three acres and four perches, bounded by lands of Jacob Manning the Heirs of Robt. Montgomery, Jacob Demott and other lands of the heirs of Jacob Eyer.

No. 8. A tract of land situate in Madison twp. containing sixty-one acres and fifty-four perches strict measure, bounded by lands of Jacob Demott, John Hendershott, Philip Miller, other lands of Jacob Eyer and others.

No. 9. A lot of land situate in Greenwood and M

FARMER'S COLUMN.

Farm-Yard Song.

BY J. T. TROWBRIDGE.

Over the hill the farm boy goes,
His shadow lengthens along the land;
A giant staff in a giant hand;
In the poplar trees above the spring,
The katydid begins to sing:
The early dews are falling;
Into the stone heap darts the mink;
The swallows skim the river's brink;
And home to the woodland fly the crows,
When over the hill the farm-boy goes,
Cheerily calling—
"Co,' boss! co', boss! co'! co'! co'!"
Farther, farther over the hill,
Faintly calling, calling, still—
"Co', boss! co', boss! co',! co'!"

Into the yard the farmer goes,
With grateful heart at the close of day;
Harness and chain are hung away;
In the wagon-shed stand yoke and plow;
The straw's in the stack, the hay in the mow,
The cooling dews are falling;
The friendly sheep his welcome bleat,
The pigs come grunting to his feet,
Whinnying mare her master knows,
When into the yard the farmer goes,
His cattle calling—
"Co', boss! co', boss! co'! co'! co'!"
While still the cow boy, far away,
Goes seeking those that have gone astray,—
"Co', boss! co', boss! co! co! co!"

Now to her task the milkmaid goes,
The cattle come crowding through the gate,
Lowing, pushing, little and great;
About the trough, by the farm yard pump,
The frolicksome yearlings frisk and jump,
While the pleasant dews are falling.
The new milch heifer is quick and shy,
But the old cow waits with tranquil eye;
And the white stream into the white pail flows
When to her task the milkmaid goes,
Soothingly calling—
"So boss! so, boss! so, boss! so! so!"
The cheerful milkmaid takes her stool,
And sits and milks in the twilight cool,
Saying, "So, boss! so, boss! so! so!"

To supper at last the farmer goes,
The apples are pared, the paper read,
The stories are told, then all to bed;
Without the crickets' ceaseless song,
Makes shrill the silence all night long;
The heavy dews are falling.
The housewife's hand has turned the lock;
Drowsily ticks the kitchen clock,
The household sinks to deep repose;
But still the farm boy goes,
Singing, calling—
"Co' boss! co', boss! co! co! co!
And oft the milkmaid, in her dreams,
Drums in the pail with flashing streams,
Murmuring, "So, boss! so!"

—*Atlantic Almanac.*

Root Crops for Feeding.

We believe there is a steady increase in the cultivation of turnips, parsnips, beets, and carrots, for feeding cattle. Intelligent men who have tried the experiment fairly are not content to go back again to feeding with hay and grain exclusively. There is a great craving among cattle for something succulent and juicy in the winter, that is best met by these roots. The animals thrive better, and other food goes further, for this change in the diet. We have no doubt that the cultivation of roots as field crops would extend much more rapidly if farmers knew how easily they could be raised. With suitable implements nearly all the cultivation can be done by horse power. The only occasion for the hand hoe is in the first weeding and in thinning out the plants to make a good stand. Old ground is better than a fresh turned sod, as the soil needs to be finely pulverized. We have always had the best results from deep plowing and subsoiling. Fine compost or concentrated fertilizers should be used, one-half plowed in and the other half sown broadcast and harrowed in. It is a help to soak beet, carrot and parsnip seed for a day or two before sowing. Then mix them with superphosphate of lime, and sow with a drill. The young plants make their appearance before the weeds, and the rows are so strongly marked that they can be hoed out with very little labor. The cultivator should be started between the rows as soon as the plants are visible. Very much labor is saved, and larger crops are realized by timely and frequently cultivations. Stir the ground between the rows every ten days until the plants get possession. Parsnips should be put in early in the spring. Carrots sown June 8th make a good crop in the latitude of New York, and Rutabagas and White French turnips may be delayed until July 1st. It is easy to raise from 600 to 1000 bushels of roots to the acre at an expense of not more than 15 cents a bushel. Try an acre of roots.—*Amer. Agr.*

Useful Hints.

A bit of glue dissolved in skim milk will restore crape.

Ribbons of every kind should be washed in cold suds and rinsed.

If your flat irons are rough rub them with fine salt and it will make them perfectly smooth.

If you are buying a carpet for durability choose small figures.

A bit of soap rubbed on the hinge of a door will prevent its creaking.

Scotch snuff put in holes where crickets come out will destroy them.

Wood ashes and common salt wet with water will prevent the cracking of a stove.

Strong lye put in hard water will make it soft as rain water.

Half a cranberry, it is said bound on a corn will soon kill it.

Cold Custard.

Sweeten to your taste, one quart of milk with white sugar; stir into it a tablespoonful of wine in which a rennet has been soaked; if this does not flavor the milk sufficiently add more wine without the rennet; or, if the use of wine is an objection, the rennet may be soaked in water. In warm weather one hour before it is to be served will be the proper time to make it, as it is not good if the curd is hard. As soon as the rennet is put into the milk stir it in cups to coagulate. Or you may serve it in a glass bowl. It is to be eaten with cream.

It may be made as above directed, without the sugar, and served with sweetened cream and grated nutmeg.

A FEW years ago it was stated in some of the agricultural papers that four quarts of air-slacked lime, applied to a ton of clover hay would prevent its heating in the mow if got in half cured. I tried it on my clover, putting it into the barn in a condition that it would not have kept a week without the lime, and it came out in the winter as nice as any hay I ever saw.

POTATOES are, as a general thing, worked too much. One harrowing, after they are about two inches high, with the back of the harrow, to level ground and to destroy weeds, then two plowings is enough; but they should not be hilled up; it injures the vine, and, in our opinion, causes the rot many times when it might be avoided.

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

Dilly Playing School.

BY H. F. EILLA.

"There, now! If that isn't just too bad! When I worked all this long day, till almost dinner time, dre'ful hard, to get all my children ready to go to school; and now mamma says maybe perhaps some company might come, and I better take my playthings up-stairs. Playthings! H'm! Just as though I couldn't have lots of boys and girls, and send them to school, and not have them be *playthings!*

"I'm the schoolmistress, now, *I* be; and I've got me two sticks—little ones, not as big as mama's great one—'cause I p'sume some of the naughtiest ones will have to be punished.

"It'll make me feel real bad, I know; but I'spose I must, if they don't be careful. Oh! I must have some names for them, or else I shan't know who the naughty ones are.

"Now you great wax doll, that got all the hair melted off one side of your head when you fell on the stove, your name is Susan Maria Ann Jane Armstrong.

"Oh, my! that's such a long name, 'Im'fraid I can't member names enough to go round, 'cause I've got a big china one, and *fee* little china ones, and a wooden boy, and two tin soldiers, and a candy boy that whistles. I shall have to whip him—I know I shall—'cause he makes a noise just as easy as nothing. And then the baker gave me a gingerbread boy, that is a poor little lame boy, 'cause I bit one leg off, to see if it was sweet!

"Then I made one with mama's han' chief and a ball of yarn, and two with my aprons; and I've got ever so many paper ones, too, and one great long class, all taking hold of hands. That's what Kate cut out for me. Oh, dear! I don't know how I shall ever get along with so many. It is such a great 'sponsibil'y. I heard papa say so.

"I know what I'll call that one that wears such a dirty dress, and goes bar' foot. That's Maggie Flynn! It looks just like she does when she goes by and pulls off mamma's roses through the fence. And the one with the red cheeks, that I put some paint on, I'll call her Nancy, 'cause I know one Miss Nancy that always has red cheeks on when she goes to meetin'.

"And this one with her face almost rubbed out—I think you'd better be 'Mandy Miles. Mandy's always crying, and I guess she'll get her face all rubbed out some time, and then she'll look like you. And this little gingerbread boy, I don't know whether to call him Sweet William or Jimmy Bond. I know *a* poor little lame boy, and *his* name is Jimmy Bond, and his mamma says he is just the sweetest little boy that ever was. I do 'clare I guess his mamma bit *his* leg and made him lame, else how did she know he was so sweet? Sure! I never thought of that before!

"I'spect I must call the one I made out of my apron 'Dilly,' 'cause it's all me, only the cob I put in to make it sit up straight, and *I* don't need my name now, 'cause mine is Missis Schoolmistress. I guess this wooden one won't learn much, 'cause I think he must be a blockhead!

"Now you that are on the table, 'member you is the first class, 'cause you are the highest up; and all you that are in the window are the next class, and the primer class may stay in the chairs.

"Oh, my! if here isn't my kitty! Now I'll just run and get mamma's glasses and put 'em on her, and she'll make a nice 'mitty man. I saw where mamma put her glasses, and she won't know if I get them, 'cause she never wears them if she is goin' to have comp'ny. There, now, kitty; you sit right in the big chair, and hear my chil'ren spell.

"You great Susan Maria Ann or something, your may spell 'horse.' Say b,' 's,' 'm,' 'a,' 't,' 'p' and I guess that will spell horse—and *carraige*, 'too, p'r'haps.

"Now that little *teenty* mite of a china doll, that didn't have any name, may spell 'bird.' No! that's too large a word; you may spell "caterpillar'—that's smaller! I guess I won't hear any more spelling, but I'll have a class in geog'fy now. I know lots of geog'fy. I heard Johnny sayin' it out of his big book.

"Now, then, Dilly, what State do you live in? "*Merican!*" That's right; and where does Grandma Fletcher live? 'Don't know!" Well I shall have to punish you, if you don't know that. I'm 'shamed of you! *I* know! She lives in Uncle John's great red house, way up in the country. Now, you must 'member next time.

"Mandy, what you think is the biggest place in all the world? 'New York!' Yes, indeed! guess it is; 'cause everybody keeps goin' there most all the time.

"Now, you little gingerbread Jimmy, which of your hands is the *East?* 'That one.' Well, and is the back side of your head North or South? 'Don't know!' H'm *I* do. It is always North behind you, and South *befront* of you. Johnny's book says so!

"Now, Nancy, what you live on? 'The earth.' What is the earth made of? 'Dirt and water.' What is there at both ends of it? 'Some *poles!*' And what goes round the middle of it? 'A *scrum-fence!*' Why Nancy, you've got your lesson splendid. You'll be at the head and have the *meddle!*

"Now, I'll hear the class in 'rithmetic. Susan Ann, if you had *two* apples, and Johnny eight, and Mary five, how many should *I* have? '*Twenty-ten-six!*' That's right. Well, if I gave them all away but one, how many should I have left? 'Not any!' How many is one and two? 'Buckle my shoe—*free* and four—open the door!' That's right. You've got your lesson so well you need not say the rest of it.

"Now, we must sing about 'Mary had a little lamb,' and then we'll be 'amissed and have noon, 'cause I'se awful tired, and hungry, too; and I guess I shan't be schoolmistress any more to-day.

"Oh, dear me! I forgot all apout my 'mitty man, and he's runned away with mamma's glasses sticking right on his head, and I don't know where he has gone to. Kitty! kitty! kitty! Oh, here, you are, drinking your milk, and you've dropped your glasses right into the saucer. I do 'clare! Now I shall have to wash them. Dear me! I shan't play with you any more to-day, now you've made me so much bodder. I'm going to help mamma get ready for com'ny this afternoon."—*Demorest's Young America.*

Stoves and Tinware.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,

Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store,

A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.

Apr. 9, '69-1f

STOVES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

Customers can be accomodated with

FANCY STOVES

of all kinds, Stovepipes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.

25 DOZEN MILK-PANS

on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new

STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

n this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers. Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.

JACOB METZ.

Bloomsburg, April 26, 1867.

Foundries.

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

EAGLE FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING SHOP,

STOVES & PLOWS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

THE CELEBRATED MONTROSE IRON BEAM AND

THE HUTTON WOODEN BEAM PLOWS.

Castings and Fire Brick for repairing city Stoves. All kinds of Brass or Iron casting made to order upon short notice,

B. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors,
Mar. 19, '69-1f.

ORANGEVILLE FOUNDRY,

MACHINE SHOP AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has rebuilt and enlarged his Foundry and Machine Shop, and removed all his business from Light Street to the above named place, where in connection with his Foundry he will continue to manufacture Wheeler's Railway Chain Horse-Power and Thresher, (improved), Carnell's Patent,

THRESHER AND CLEANER,

either overshot for Tread-Power or undershot with Lever-Power. He also manufactures to order and fits up all kinds of

MILL GEARING,

Circular Saw Mandrels, Patent Slides for Saw Mills, the latest improved Iron Beam Plows of different kinds to Wooden Beam Plows, Double Corn Plows, and Plow Points of every description generally used throughout the county.

IRON KETTLES, BELLS

Cellar Grates, Stoves, Sled and Sleigh Soles, and in fact everything generally made in a country Foundry. Those wishing to purchase Machines would do well to examine his machines, and the improvements made on the power, by which at least 20 per cent. of the friction is taken off.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED

to give good satisfaction, and terms made to suit purchasers. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Plows and castings.

Thankful to his friends and patrons for past favors he would still continue to solicit the same.

WILLIAM SCHUYLER.

Apr. 9, '69-tf Orangeville Pa.

WANTED

AGENTS FOR THE

KING OF HORSE BOOKS:

THE AMERICAN FARMER'S HORSE BOOK, It outsells, ten to one, any book of its kind published. 60th thousand in press. Agents doing better now than ever before. Also, for

OUR FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

In both ENGLISH and GERMAN, Embracing the ALLOPATHIC, HOMEOPATHIC, HYDROPATHIC, ECLECTIC and HERBAL modes of treatment, 544 closely printed pages. Price only $2.50. *The most complete, reliable and popular family medical book in existence.* Address C. F. VENT, Publisher, 38 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio. feb11'70-1m

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NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec

Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA

GENERAL AGENT,

For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia counties.

Aug. 20, '69-ly.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$170,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	360,000
City	450,000
International	1,400,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	330,000
Merchants	330,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	200,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	65,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent,*
mar8,69-1y.* BLOOMSBURG, PA

For Pure Water, use this celebrated Pump, entirely tasteless, durable and reliable; equal to the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, and cost less than half the money. Easily arranged so as to be non-freezing, and in construction so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PUMP NOW MADE.

Oct. 22, '69-6m.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 31, '68 tf

GREENWOOD SEMINARY.

The Spring Term of this Institution will open on MONDAY, APRIL 18th, 1870, and the first quarter of Eleven weeks will terminate on the first of July, when there will be a vacation until the first of August.

Boarding students, not placed under the immediate charge of relations, are expected to board at the Seminary, and boarders must furnish their own towels, &c.

TERMS:

Boarding and Lights, per quarter	$35 00
Tuition, do	$7.00 to 8 00
do Juvenile class do	4.00 to 5 00

Washing extra, and all bills payable, one-half in advance, and balance at or before the end of the quarter. For further particulars inquire of

Millville, March 4, 1870-2m. WM. BURGESS, Principal.

FOR SALE.

About fifty-five feet 1¼ in. Shafting with plate couplings and hangings complete, now in use but too light for our work. Also sixty feet new shafting 2¼ in. and 2 in. turned, with plate couplings and adjustable hangers. Will be sold cheap Also one Threshing Machine. Apply to

N. W. SAMPLE & CO.

dec. 17, '69-tf.

Drugs and Chemicals.

PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!

25 CENTS. $1.00

The Phœnix Pectoral will cure the diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Colds, Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and Pulmonary Consumption. This medicine is prepared by Dr. Levi Oberholtzer of Philadelphia, and formerly of Phœnixville, Pa., and although it has only been offered for five years, more than one million bottles have already been sold, and the demand for it is increasing every day. Many of the Retail Druggists buy it in lots of five gross, and not a few of the Country Storekeepers try one gross at a time. Nearly every one who has ever sold it testifies to its popularity, and nearly all who have used it, bear testimony to its wonderful power in curing Cough. We are confident that there is no known medicine of such great value to the community as the Phœnix Pectoral.

It has cured the most painful and distressing cough, of years standing.

It has given instant relief in spells of coughing.

It has instantly stopped the paroxysm of Whooping Cough, and greatly shortened its duration.

It has cured Croup in a few minutes.

Consumption has been cured by it, where all other remedies had failed to do good.

Hoarseness has been cured by it in a single night.

Many physicians recommend it, and others use it themselves and administer it in their practice while others oppose it because it takes away their business.

We recommend it to our readers and for further particulars, would refer you to the circular around the bottle where you will find numerous certificates given by persons who have used it.

It is so pleasant to the taste that children cry for it.

It is a stimulating expectorant, giving strength at the same time that it allays the cough.

The proprietor of this medicine has so much confidence in its curative powers from the testimony of thousands who have used it that the money will be refunded to any purchaser who is not satisfied with the effects.

It is so cheap that all can buy it.

Price 25 Cents, Large Bottles $1.00

It is prepared only by

LEVI OBERHOLTZER M. D.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,

No. 158 North Third Street, Philadelphia, N. B.—If your nearest Druggist or Storekeeper does not have this medicine ask him to get it for you, and do not let him put you off with some other preparation because he makes more money on it; but go or send at once to some store where you know it is kept, or send to Dr. Oberholtzer. Sold by E. P. Lutz Druggist, Bloomsburg, and H. W. Creasy, & Co., Light Street, and nearly every druggist and storekeeper in Columbia County.

dec. 10, '69-6m,

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

BUCK LEAD

EXCELS ALL OTHER LEAD!

1st. For its Unrivaled Whiteness,
2d. For its Unequalled Durability,
3d. For its Unsurpassed Covering Property.
Lastly for its Economy.

☞ IT COSTS LESS to paint with BUCK LEAD than any other White Lead extant. The same weight covers MORE SURFACE, is more DURABLE, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD, is the Cheapest and Best,

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Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

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Prepared expressly for Painting

COTTAGES, OUT BUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, &c. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS, Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful shades.

Sample cards sent by Mail if desired.

Dealers' Orders will be promptly executed by the manufacturers,

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N. W. Cor. Tenth and Market Streets,
jan28'70-1y. Philadelphia

LORILLARD'S "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco | is an excellent article of granulated Virginia; wherever introduced it is universally admired.

It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S YACHT CLUB Smoking Tobacco | classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all;" it is made of the choicest leaf grown; It is anti-nervous in its effect, as the Nicotine has been extracted; it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking; it is very mild, light in color and weight, hence one pound will last as long as 3 of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be, "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S CENTURY Chewing Tobacco. | This brand of Fine Cut chewing tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

LORILLARD'S SNUFFS | have now been in general use in the United States over 100 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your storekeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO.,
Jan. 21'70, 3m New York.

OMNIBUS LINE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the public generally tha he is running an

OMNIBUS LINE

between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.

His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.

Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accomodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.

JACOB L GIRTON, Proprietor.

ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY.

ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA

PROF. E. J. SCHOONOVER, Principal,
MRS. E. J. SCHOONOVER, Preceptress,

This institution, for the education of young Ladies and Gentlemen, will re-open under charge of Prof. Schoonover, on MONDAY, April 4, 1870. Teachers, of acknowledged ability and high order of talent, will be employed in each department, and no effort spared to secure to pupils thorough and judicious culture.

The course of instruction will include all the branches usually taught in High Schools and Seminaries of the first rank.

Special attention given to Normal School training and Commercial instruction.

TERMS:

Primary Department ..... $3 to $5 per Quarter
Higher Branches ..... $5 00 to $8 per Quarter

LOCATION:—This excellent institution is located in a pleasant village of about six hundred inhabitants—free from the temptations of a large city—about six miles from the Rail with daily communication to the different roads. The buildings are situated upon an elevation, surrounded by a beautiful grove, and perfectly healthy.

CALENDAR FOR 1870:—Spring session begins April 4th, 1870 and continues 13 weeks, following which there will be a vacation of six weeks. Fall term commences August 15, 1870, continuing 11 weeks. Winter term opens November 7, 1870 continuing 11 weeks.

EXPENSES:—Board can be obtained in private families at from $2.50 to $4.00 per week, or desirable rooms will be furnished to students wishing to provide for themselves.

Scholars will be admitted at any time during the session although it is preferable to commence with the term.

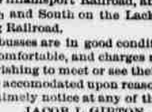
For further particulars, address the Principal, at Orangeville, Pa.

mar18'70-3m.

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE

SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

TRADE MARK 

SPRING 1870.

FARMERS!

INCREASE YOUR CROP OF

CORN, OATS, POTATOES, WHEAT AND GRASS,

As well as

ADD TO THE FERTILITY OF YOUR SOIL By a Judicious and Economical mode of

MANURING.

GET THE VALUE OF YOUR OUTLAY THE FIRST SEASON,

OBTAIN BETTER FILLED EARS AND HEAVIER GRAIN,

KEEP YOUR SOIL FREE FROM NOXIOUS WEEDS,

MAKE YOUR LANDS PERMANENTLY FERTILE.

Over SIXTEEN years of constant use, on all crops, has proven that Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate may be depended upon by Farmers.

HIGHLY IMPROVED AND STANDARD WARRANTED,

For sale by Agricultural Dealers generally.

BAUGH & SONS,
Manufacturers.

Office—No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.
mar18'70-6m.

Rail Roads.

LACKAWANNA AND BLOOMSBURG RAILROAD

On and after Jan. 17, 1870, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

	Going North. Arrive p. m.	Arrive a. m.	Going South. Leave p. m.	Leave a. m.
Scranton	8.45	11.00	4.00	7.20
			Leave	
Pittston	8.14	10.30	4.32	7.50
Kingston	7.50	10.03	5.00	8.20
Plymouth	7.38	9.48	5.10	8.30
Shickshinny	7.58	9.09	6.10	9.09
Berwick	8.05	8.30	6.50	9.42
Bloom	8.28	7.53	7.30	10.17
Danville	4.50	7.15	8.10	10.55
	Leave	Leave	Arrive	Arrive
North'd	4.13	6.40	8.45	11.35

Connection made at Scranton by the 10.40 a.m. train for Great Bend, Binghamton, Albany and all points North, East and West.

D. T. BOUND, Sup't.

CATAWISSA RAILROAD—On and after MONDAY, Sep. 6, 1869, Passenger trains on the Catawissa Railroad will run at the following named hours:

Mail South.	STATIONS.	*Mail North*
Dep. 8.45 a.m	Williamsport,	Arr. 6.00 p. m.
" 9.15 "	Muncy,	Dep. 5.28 "
" 9.47 "	Watsontown,	" 4.57 "
" 10.05 "	Milton,	" 4.40 "
" 10.45 "	Danville,	" 4.00 "
" 11.05 "	Rupert,	" 3.40 "
" 11.17 "	Catawissa,	" 3.32 "
" 12.22 p.m.	Ringtown,	" 2.25 "
" 12.58 "	Nunumit,	" 1.50 "
" 1.08 "	Quakake,	" 1.40 "
" 1.30 "	E. Mahony June,	" 1.30 "
" 2.15 "	Dine. Tamaqua, Dine.	" 1.10 "
" 4.25 "	Reading,	" 10.40 a.m.
Arr. 6.45 "	Philadelphia,	" 8.15 "
" 9.25 "	To New York via. Reading or Mauch Chunk.	
	From New York via. Mauch Chunk,	6.55 "

No Change of cars between Williamsport and Philadelphia. GEO. WEBB Say't.

BROWN'S FAST FREIGHT

FROM PHILADELPHIA TO BLOOMSBURG,

and intermediate points. Goods forwarded with care and despatch and at low rates.

Goods, at Philadelphia, must be delivered at Bitner & Co's. 311 Market Street. For full particulars, apply to

SCHUYLER & ROBINSON, Proprietors,
Aug. 20, '69-tf. R. R. Depot, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

On and after Nov. 15th 1869, Trains will leave NORTHUMBERLAND as follows:

NORTHWARD.

555 A. M., Daily to Williamsport, (except Sunday) for Elmira, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Suspension Bridge, and N. Falls.

650 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Elmira and Buffalo via Erie Railway from Elmira.

5.30 P. M., Daily, (except Sundays) for Williamsport.

TRAINS SOUTHWARD.

10.25 A. M. Daily (except Monday's) for Baltimore

11.10 P. M. Daily (except Sunday's) for Baltimore Washington and Philadelphia.

ED. S. YOUNG,
General Passenger Agent.

ALFRED R. FISKE, Gen'l Supt.,

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 27th, 1869.

Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin Lebanon Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 5.35, and 8.10 a. m., 12.20 noon and 2.05 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.15, noon, 3.40 6.50 and 10.00 p. m. respectively. Sleeping cars accompany the 5.35 a. m., and 12.20 noon trains without change.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a.m. and 12.00 noon and 5.00 p. m. Philadelphia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sleeping cars accompany the 9.00 a. m., and 5.00 p.m., trains from N. Y. without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin Pine Grove, Allentown & Phila'd. at 8.10 a.m., & 2.05 & 4.10 p.m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.10pm. train connecting for Phila & Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad, leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p.m.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a.m., connecting with similar train on East Pa. Railroad returning from Reading at 6.35 p. m. stopping at all stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5.40and 9.00 a.m.,and 2.45 p.m. Herndon at 9.30 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 10.40 a. m., 2.45 and 7.05 p.m. and 12.30 noon Tamaqua at 8.33 a. m., and 2.20 p. m.for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a.m., for Harrisburg, and 11.30 a. m., for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 a. m., passes Reading at 7.30 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.30 a. m. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 p. m., passing Reading at 7.40 p.m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.30 p.m.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a.m., returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.00 p.m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.15 a.m., and 6-15 p.m. for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.,

Perkiomen Rail Road Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 a. m., 3.00 & 5.30 p. m. returning; leave Schwenksville at 8.05 a.m., 12.45 noon, and 4.15 p.m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m and 6.30 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.25 a. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m. and 2.05 and 5.02 p. m. returning, leave Downington at 6.50 a. m., 12.45 noon and 5.15 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays, leave New York at 5.00 p.m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a.m. and 3.15 p.m., (the 8.00 a.m. train running only to Reading) Pottsville 8.00 a.m., Harrisburg at 5.35 a. m. and 4.10 p. m. and Reading at 7.15 a. m. and 10.05 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 7.23 a. m. for New York, and at 9.40 a. m and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points, at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 27 1869.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA, & WESTERN RAILROAD.—Winter arrangement, Jan. 17, 1870. Trains leave as follows:

EASTWARD. Accom.	Mail	STATIONS.	Mail	WESTWARD. Accom.
	P.M.	Via M. & E. Divis.	A.M.	
		Arr. New York, Lv		
	5.00	(Foot Barclay St.)	9.00	
	5.00	Christopher St.	8.00	
	4.45	Hoboken	8.15	
	4.30	Newark	8.40	
	4.05	Washington	11.30	
		via Cen. RR. of N.J.		
		New York		
	3.50	(Foot Liberty St.)	9.00	
	1.23	New Hampton	11.15	
	12.55	Oxford	11.45	
	12.45	Bridgeville	11.55	
	5.10	Philadelphia	7.50	
	5.40	Trenton	7.45	
	1.30	Phillipsburg	11.05	
	12.38	Manunka Chunk	12.05	
	12.31	Delaware	12.30	
	12.15	Mount Bethel	12.30	
	12.00	Water Gap	12.45	
	11.46	Stroudsburg	1.00	
	11.36	Sprucgville	1.10	
	11.25	Henryville	1.20	
	11.09	Oakland	1.38	
	10.51	Forks	1.53	
	10.32	Tobyhanna	2.16	
	10.19	Gouldsboro	2.30	
	9.55	Moscow	2.52	
	9.45	Dunmling	3.05	A.M
.12	9.15	Scranton	3.45	9.30
.50	8.43	Clark's Summit	4.07	9.58
.40	8.35	Abington	4.15	10.18
4.27	8.27	Factoryville	4.23	10.40
4.55	7.55	Nicholson	4.55	11.02
4.25	7.38	Hopbottom	5.15	11.28
3.59	7.15	Montrose	5.33	11.51
3.55	6.54	New Milford	5.55	12.13
3.15	6.40	Great Bend	6.40	12.35
P.M	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.

CONNECTIONS.

At Binghamton with Erie Railway. Mail Train from New York connects with the Express Mail, leaving Binghamton at 8.37 P. M., with a sleeping Coach attached, stopping at all stations, and reaching Buffalo the next morning at 6.20.

Accommodation Train from Scranton connects with Way Train leaving Binghamton for Owego and Ithaca and the West at 2.00 P. M.; also connecting with Train on Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y. R. R. for Syracuse, Oswego, &c., at 5.10 P. M., and with Train on Albany & Susquehanna R. R. for Albany and the North at 2.30 P. M.

Mail Train leaves Binghamton after the arrival (3.47 A. M.) of the Night Express from Buffalo.

Accommodation Train leaves Binghamton after the arrival of the Day Express, leaving Buffalo at 7.20 A. M.; also, Train leaving Syracuse at 8.15 A. M.

At Scranton, with Lackawanna & Bloomsburg R. R., and Delaware & Hudson Canal Co. R. R., Mail Train from New York connects with Trains for Pittston, Wilkesbarre, Bloomsburg, Danville, Northumberland, Olyphant, Archbald, and Carbondale. Mail Train to New York, and the Accommodation to Binghamton also connect with trains on the above-named roads. The Accommodation from Binghamton connects with Lackawanna and Bloomsburg for Pittston Wyoming, and Wilkesbarre.

At